

Id	1
Question	Entrepreneurial behaviors includes:
A	Solving problems
B	Taking initiatives
C	Taking responsibility
D	All of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	2
Question	Entrepreneurs attributes includes:
A	Preservence
B	working only
C	Determination
D	Both A and C
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	3
Question	What is the process by which individuals pursue opportunities without regard to resources they currently control?
A	Startup management
B	Financial analysis
C	Feasibility planning
D	Entrepreneurship
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	4
Question	In stage of responsibility allocation process the entrepreneur follows:
A	High centralized decision making process
B	Financial analysis
C	Feasibility planning
D	Entrepreneurship
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	5
Question	Entrepreneurial Have following ability
A	Solving problems
B	Taking initiatives
C	Taking responsibility
D	All of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	6
Question	Entrepreneurial behaviors includes:
A	planning
B	Designing
C	Innovations
D	Non of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	7
Question	According to the governing bodies of common laws, the life of trade secret is
A	12 years
B	10 years
C	30 years
D	20 years
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	8
Question	The resistance of employees in an organization against flexibility, growth and diversification can be overcome by developing
A	Intrapreneurship
B	Designing
C	Innovations
D	All of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	9
Question	Licensing is a significant marketing strategy to
A	Intrapreneurship
B	Designing
C	Innovations
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	10
Question	The relation of ordinary shares to preference share capital and loan capital is described as the
A	Capital
B	Designing
C	Innovations
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	11
Question	The entrepreneur's _____ depends on his perception of the opportunity
A	Strategic orientation
B	Control of resources
C	Innovations
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	12
Question	Which is the advantage of fixed position layout?
A	More flexibility
B	Less capital investment
C	Possible of different projects
D	All of Above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	13
Question	Which term best describes the process of obtaining, deploying, and utilizing a variety of essential resources to contribute to an organization's success?
A	Strategic orientation
B	Control of resources
C	Innovations
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	14
Question	Which term best describes the process of obtaining, deploying, and utilizing a variety of essential resources to contribute to an organization's success?
A	management
B	Control of resources
C	Innovations
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	15
Question	Which title is given to an individual who is in charge of and coordinates the activities of a group of employees engaged in related activities within a unit of an organization?
A	Manger
B	Control of resources
C	Innovations
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	16
Question	Which management function involves setting goals and objectives and creating specific plans for completing them?
A	planning
B	controlling
C	Process
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	17
Question	Which level of management is responsible for establishing a vision for the organization, developing broad plans and strategies, and directing subordinate managers?
A	Decide to use group or individual decision
B	Not giving loan
C	None of above
D	executive managers
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	18
Question	Which level of management is responsible for implementing programs that are intended to carry out the broader objectives of an organization set by executives?
A	middle managers
B	Decide to use group or individual decision
C	Not giving loan
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	19
Question	Which management principle states that each individual should report to only one boss in order to avoid conflict and/ or confusion?
A	middle managers
B	Decide to use group or individual decision
C	Not giving loan
D	unity of command
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	20
Question	Which management principle states that orders and instructions should flow down from top to bottom or from a higher level manager to a lower one?
A	chain of command
B	Decide to use group or individual decision
C	Not giving loan
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	21
Question	Which level of management is responsible for implementing programs that are intended to carry out the broader objectives of an organization set by executives?
A	Contractor
B	Financer
C	worker
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	22
Question	A manager who possesses knowledge of the processes, equipment, and potential problems of an industry would possess what type of managerial skill?
A	Layout
B	fixing
C	controlling
D	Technical
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	23
Question	The ability of a manager to interface and work effectively with individuals and groups is descriptive of what type of managerial skill?
A	Layout
B	fixing
C	controlling
D	Interpersonal
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	24
Question	By exceeding the monthly marketing budget set for a company, a manager would fail to meet which type of performance measure?
A	cost and budget control
B	Decide to use group or individual decision
C	Not giving loan
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	25
Question	For a manager, which should take priority- the job task or the employees performing the job?
A	Decide to use group or individual decision
B	Not giving loan
C	Not to decide
D	Neither, a manager should balance interest in the job task with the needs of the employees performing the job.
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	26
Question	Economic uncertainty, regulatory requirements, and new competitors are examples of what type of factors that affect managers?
A	External factors
B	Decide to use group or individual decision
C	Not giving loan
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	27
Question	Which management function involves measuring results, comparing results to expectations, and taking corrective action?
A	Chart
B	Layout
C	fixing
D	controlling
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	28
Question	Which type of issues are first level managers routinely influenced by?
A	short range issues
B	Chart
C	Layout
D	All of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	29
Question	Which of the following characterize a manager as being effective?
A	They achieve their goals.
B	Chart
C	Layout
D	All of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	30
Question	Which of the following characterize a manager as being efficient?
A	They interview, select, and train people who are most suitable to fill open jobs
B	Chart
C	Layout
D	All of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	31
Question	Which management principle states that work should be divided so that each person will perform a specialized portion
A	Division of work
B	Chart
C	Layout
D	All of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	32
Question	What two major end results are managers seeking on a daily basis?
A	Product or service
B	Chart
C	Layout
D	All of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	33
Question	In management, the various roles that managers are called on to perform are defined in which process?
A	Management process
B	Chart
C	Layout
D	All of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	34
Question	Which type of managers are responsible for reporting to middle managers?
A	Managers
B	Chart
C	Layout
D	All of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	35
Question	Which part of the management process includes measuring results, comparing results to expectations, and taking corrective action to bring results in to line?
A	Controlling
B	Chart
C	Layout
D	All of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	1

Id	36
Question	In ship manufacturing, the type of layout preferred is
A	Fixed position layout
B	Chart
C	Layout
D	All of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	37
Question	This chart is a graphic representation of all the production activities occurring on the shop floor
A	Flow process chart
B	Chart
C	Layout
D	All of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	38
Question	Which of the following type of layout is suitable for automobile manufacturing concern?
A	Product layout
B	Organizing
C	controlling
D	Nothing
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	39
Question	Which of the following type of layout is suitable for automobile assembly concern?
A	Fixed position layout
B	Organizing
C	controlling
D	Nothing
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	40
Question	In a functional organization
A	Wastage of material is minimum
B	organizing
C	controlling
D	Fixed position layout
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	41
Question	Which of the following is the first step in making a correct location choice?
A	Decide the criteria for evaluating location alternatives
B	organizing
C	controlling
D	nothing
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	42
Question	Which of the following shows the process of creating something new?
A	Innovation
B	organizing
C	controlling
D	nothing
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	43
Question	The last function in the sequence, which culminates in the attainment of organization objectives, is:
A	planning
B	organizing
C	controlling
D	nothing
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	44
Question	Before you can solve a problem you must:
A	Define the problem
B	Organizing
C	Controlling
D	Nothing
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	45
Question	Managers cannot evaluate:
A	Attitude of employee.
B	Chart
C	Layout
D	All of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	46
Question	The process or activity of optimally utilizing human resources to achieve predetermined goals and objectives in the most efficient and effective way possible is:
A	Organizing
B	Chart
C	Layout
D	All of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	47
Question	As a manager, you cannot evaluate:
A	Organizing
B	controlling
C	Nothing
D	The attitude of the employee
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	48
Question	Reaching toward an objective or striving to meet a mission statement would fall into what part of management?
A	Planning
B	organizing
C	controlling
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	49
Question	Which managerial function clarifies the boundaries of authority and responsibility within a department?
A	Organizing
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	50
Question	Which statement is true?
A	People prefer, most of the time, to communicate with the higher status level positions
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	51
Question	The right or privilege to direct or request a behavior or action, along with the right to discipline is:
A	Authority
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	52
Question	Depreciation is
A	Loss
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	53
Question	Depreciation fund method is also known as:
A	Sinking fund method
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	54
Question	Depreciation arises because of:
A	Physical wear and tear.
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	55
Question	Depreciation is a process of:
A	Valuation
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	56
Question	Under the straight line method of providing depreciation it:
A	Remain constant every year.
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	57
Question	Which of the term is used to write off in reference to tangible fixed assets?
A	Depreciation
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	58
Question	In the provision method of depreciation the asset always appears at:
A	Cost price
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	59
Question	On balance sheet, accruals, notes payables, and account payable are listed under which category?
A	Current Liabilities
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	60
Question	Inventories, cash and equivalents, and accounts receivables are listed as
A	Decide to use group or individual decision
B	Not giving loan
C	None of above
D	Decide to use group or individual decision
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	61
Question	In a balance sheet, the total of common stock and retained earnings are examined as
A	Common Equity
B	Decide to use group or individual decision
C	Not giving loan
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	62
Question	Financial securities which can be changed into cash to their book value price are categorized as
A	Cash Equivalentents
B	Decide to use group or individual decision
C	Not giving loan
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	63
Question	A _____ is a specialized firm that finances young, start up companies
A	Venture capital firm
B	Decide to use group or individual decision
C	Not giving loan
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	64
Question	Venture capital firms are usually organized as
A	Limited partnership
B	Decide to use group or individual decision
C	Not giving loan
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	65
Question	Which of the following is a characteristics of Venture capital firms
A	Developing portfolio of companies
B	Decide to use group or individual decision
C	Not giving loan
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	66
Question	The source of venture capital funding has
A	Decide to use group or individual decision
B	Not giving loan
C	None of above
D	Decide to use group or individual decision
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	67
Question	Which of the following is not a characteristic feature of venture capital firms?
A	Funding just one or a small number of firms.
B	Decide to use group or individual decision
C	Not giving loan
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	68
Question	The largest industry group receiving venture capital funding is
A	none of the below
B	Decide to use group or individual decision
C	Not giving loan
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	69
Question	Name the institution which is set up as an apex bank to provide direct/indirect financial assistance under different schemes and also coordinates the functions of other institutions in similar activities
A	SIDBI
B	Decide to use group or individual decision
C	Not giving loan
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	70
Question	If the investment in fixed assets or plant and machinery does not exceed one crore rupees, then that particular firm comes under the category of
A	Small scale industry
B	Decide to use group or individual decision
C	Not giving loan
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	2

Id	71
Question	Name the institution which was set up in 1982 to promote integrated rural development.
A	NABARD
B	Decide to use group or individual decision
C	Not giving loan
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	72
Question	Finance companies
A	are money market intermediaries.
B	Decide to use group or individual decision
C	Not giving loan
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	73
Question	From the following which one is not classification of entrepreneurs according to the types
A	Rural entrepreneur
B	Labour
C	Worker
D	None of Above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	74
Question	From the following which one is the classification of entrepreneurs according to gender and age
A	Men entrepreneurs
B	Labour
C	Worker
D	None of Above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	75
Question	Basic problems of women entrepreneurs in India:
A	Absence of listen bearing capacity
B	Labour
C	Worker
D	None of Above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	76
Question	From the following, types of entrepreneur are:
A	Initiative entrepreneur
B	Labour
C	Worker
D	None of Above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	77
Question	Which one is not the barriers of Entrepreneurship:
A	Technical knowledge
B	Labour
C	Worker
D	All of Above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	78
Question	The key factor influencing the mobility of entrepreneurs are:
A	Language and culture
B	Labour
C	Worker
D	None of Above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	79
Question	It's an institution to set up a network of technical consultancy organizations in the country
A	TCO
B	Labour
C	Worker
D	None of Above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	80
Question	An Entrepreneurs refers to :
A	Motivator
B	Labour
C	Worker
D	None of Above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	81
Question	Which of the following factor influence entrepreneurship:
A	Entrepreneurial training
B	Zero value
C	Function cost
D	High value
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	82
Question	Material Requirements Planning DOES NOT include
A	Zero value
B	Function cost
C	High value
D	Material price
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	83
Question	Break even point is least affected by
A	Zero value
B	Function cost
C	High value
D	Product mix
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	84
Question	Routing and Scheduling are integral part of
A	Product planning
B	Zero value
C	Function cost
D	High value
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	85
Question	Value for Value Engineering analysis purposes is defined as
A	Zero value
B	Function cost
C	High value
D	Cost value
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	86
Question	In a break even chart, abscissa represents
A	Amount in rupee
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	87
Question	By technological innovations if the cost of raw material is reduced, this will result in
A	Accumulated Liabilities
B	Noncurrent Liabilities
C	Accrued Liabilities
D	Lower break even point
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	88
Question	Total sales less cost of manufacturing gives
A	Gross profit
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	89
Question	In motion and time study which of the following is used in product analysis?
A	Process Chart
B	Short-term Investments
C	Inventories
D	Long-term Investments
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	90
Question	The advantage of product layout is
A	Lower total materials handling cost
B	Short-term Investments
C	Inventories
D	Long-term Investments
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	91
Question	The advantage of product layout is
A	Lower total production time
B	Short-term Investments
C	Inventories
D	Long-term Investments
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	92
Question	The advantage of product layout is
A	Less work-in-process
B	Short-term Investments
C	Inventories
D	Long-term Investments
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	93
Question	The advantage of product layout is
A	Less floor area required per unit of production
B	Short-term Investments
C	Inventories
D	Long-term Investments
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	94
Question	The advantage of process layout is
A	Less duplication of equipment
B	Short-term Investments
C	Inventories
D	Long-term Investments
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	95
Question	The advantage of process layout is
A	Greater flexibility of production
B	Short-term Investments
C	Inventories
D	Long-term Investments
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	96
Question	The advantage of process layout is
A	Better control of complicated or precision processes
B	Short-term Investments
C	Inventories
D	Long-term Investments
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	97
Question	The advantage of process layout is
A	Easier to handle breakdown of equipment
B	Short-term Investments
C	Inventories
D	Long-term Investments
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	98
Question	The basic tool in work study is
A	Stop watch
B	Short-term Investments
C	Inventories
D	Long-term Investments
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	99
Question	A product layout is generally suggested for
A	Short-term Investments
B	Inventories
C	Long-term Investments
D	Continuous production
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	100
Question	The advantage of cost plus pricing system is
A	Short-term Investments
B	Inventories
C	Long-term Investments
D	It always yields profit
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	101
Question	Which of the following is a direct tax
A	Direct Tax
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	102
Question	Entrepreneurs skills includes:
A	Accumulated Liabilities
B	Noncurrent Liabilities
C	Accrued Liabilities
D	Persuading
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	103
Question	Entrepreneurs skills includes:
A	Accumulated Liabilities
B	Noncurrent Liabilities
C	Accrued Liabilities
D	Negotiation
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	104
Question	Entrepreneurs skills includes:
A	Accumulated Liabilities
B	Noncurrent Liabilities
C	Accrued Liabilities
D	Creative problem solving
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	105
Question	Basic problems of women entrepreneurs in India:
A	Lack of education skill
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	3

Id	106
Question	Basic problems of women entrepreneurs in India:
A	Male dominating society
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	107
Question	Basic problems of women entrepreneurs in India:
A	Absence of listen bearing capacity
B	Planer
C	worker
D	labor
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	108
Question	The key factor influencing the mobility of entrepreneurs are:
A	Resources
B	Planer
C	worker
D	labor
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	109
Question	The key factor influencing the mobility of entrepreneurs are
A	Experience and Education
B	Planer
C	worker
D	labor
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	110
Question	The key factor influencing the mobility of entrepreneurs are
A	Language and culture
B	Planer
C	worker
D	labor
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	111
Question	An Entrepreneurs refers to :
A	Planer
B	worker
C	labor
D	Visualizer
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	112
Question	An Entrepreneurs refers to :
A	Planer
B	worker
C	labor
D	Motivator
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	113
Question	An Entrepreneurs refers to :
A	Planer
B	worker
C	labor
D	Initiator
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	114
Question	What is the value of the firm usually based on?
A	Accumulated Liabilities
B	Noncurrent Liabilities
C	Accrued Liabilities
D	The value of equity.
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	115
Question	Which of the following defines the market to book value?
A	The ratio of stock market valuation divided by the value of its NAV.
B	Accumulated Liabilities
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	116
Question	Shareholders wealth increases with the increase in ____
A	Accumulated Liabilities
B	Noncurrent Liabilities
C	Accrued Liabilities
D	Dividend & market value of the firm
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	117
Question	Promotion of welfare of human by corporate is called as _____
A	Accumulated Liabilities
B	Noncurrent Liabilities
C	Accrued Liabilities
D	Corporate philanthropy
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	118
Question	Leasing of machinery can be categorized as_____
A	Financing decision
B	Chart
C	Layout
D	All of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	119
Question	A mutually exclusive decision means:
A	Chart
B	Layout
C	PROJECT
D	Accepting of an alternative, leads to rejecting of other
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	120
Question	Which of the following has Net profit as basis for calculation
A	Average rate of return
B	Chart
C	Layout
D	All of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	121
Question	Internal rate of return is
A	Rate at which discounted cash inflow is equal to the discounted cash outflow
B	Chart
C	Layout
D	All of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	122
Question	Corporate wealth maximization is the value maximization for_____
A	Stakeholders
B	Loan
C	People
D	NON OF ABOVE
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	123
Question	Book value of assets includes
A	Fixed assets, current asset, intangible asset
B	Noncurrent Liabilities
C	Accrued Liabilities
D	Negotiation
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	124
Question	Listed companies can be valued at
A	Market value
B	cost
C	money
D	value
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	125
Question	Unlisted company can be valued at
A	Net asset Method
B	Noncurrent Liabilities
C	Accrued Liabilities
D	Negotiation
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	126
Question	Which of the following valuation methods is based on “Going concern concept”
A	Book value method
B	Noncurrent Liabilities
C	Accrued Liabilities
D	Negotiation
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	127
Question	What does the price/earnings (PE) ratio measure?
A	The multiple that the stock market places on a company's earnings
B	Noncurrent Liabilities
C	Accrued Liabilities
D	Negotiation
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	128
Question	he term _____ can be used in a broad sense to describe all the policies, procedures, relationships, and systems in place to oversee the successful and legal operation of the enterprise.
A	corporate governance
B	The multiple that the stock market places on a company's earnings
C	Noncurrent Liabilities
D	Accrued Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	129
Question	A project whose acceptance does not prevent or require the acceptance of one or more alternative projects is referred to as _____.
A	an independent project
B	corporate governance
C	The multiple that the stock market places on a company's earnings
D	Noncurrent Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	130
Question	The objective of the which of the following act is to ensure adequate safety measures and to promote the health and welfare of the workers employed in factories
A	Factories Act 1948
B	corporate governance
C	The multiple that the stock market places on a company's earnings
D	Noncurrent Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	131
Question	As per section 2(d) of the Factories Act 1948, 'young person' means a person who is
A	either a child or an adolescent
B	corporate governance
C	The multiple that the stock market places on a company's earnings
D	Noncurrent Liabilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	132
Question	Which Section of the Factories Act 1948 defines 'factory'
A	Section 2(m)
B	3M
C	4R
D	5T
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	133
Question	The Factories employing more than 1000 workers are required to submit their plan for approval to
A	Chief Inspector of Factories
B	worker
C	labor
D	Motivator
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	134
Question	A weekly holiday was introduced in the Factories for the first time in the year
A	1923
B	2000
C	2001
D	2002
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	135
Question	Under the Section 41A of the Factories Act, the Site Appraisal Committee shall be constituted once in year under the chairmanship of Chief Inspector of Factories.
A	5
B	3
C	4
D	5
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	136
Question	To close down a factory, the occupier has to give days notice to the authorities.
A	50
B	60
C	70
D	500
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	137
Question	The periods of work of adult workers in a factory each day shall be so fixed that no period shall exceed five hours and that no worker shall work for more than five hours before he has had an interval for rest of at least ----- hours.
A	2
B	3
C	half
D	
Answer	C
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	138
Question	No woman shall be required or allowed to work in any factory except between the hours
A	6 A.M. and 7 P.M.
B	8
C	9
D	3
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	139
Question	No child shall be employed or permitted to work in any factory As per section 111 of the Act, if any worker employed in a factory contravenes any provision of this Act , he/she shall be punishable with fine which may extend to ----- rupees.
A	300
B	500
C	689
D	900
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	140
Question	The first Factories Act was enacted in
A	200
B	2009
C	1881
D	2003
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	4

Id	141
Question	Who is an adult as per Factories Act, 1948?
A	Who has completed 18 years of age
B	worker
C	labor
D	Motivator
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	142
Question	A premises including precincts thereof is a 'factory' within the meaning of the Factories Act, 1948 wherein a manufacturing process is being carried on without the aid of power and where the number of workers working is
A	5
B	7
C	20 or more workers
D	3
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	143
Question	The space for every worker employed in the Factory after the commencement of Factories Act, 1948 should be Cubic Meters.
A	11
B	34
C	14.2
D	70
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	144
Question	he provision for cooling water during hot weather should be made by the organization if it employees or more employees.
A	900
B	250
C	56
D	45
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	145
Question	Which one of the following is not Welfare provision under Factories Act, 1948
A	worker
B	labor
C	Motivator
D	Alcoholic Beverage
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	146
Question	First Aid Boxes is to be provided for of persons
A	150
B	45
C	60
D	78
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	147
Question	The maximum daily hours of work in a day with normal wage allowed in factories is
A	7 HR
B	9 HR
C	3 HR
D	11 HR
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	148
Question	Which of the following is not a statutory welfare facility under the Factories Act, 1948?
A	Transport
B	logical
C	resistance
D	two
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	149
Question	The constitution of site appraisal committees is under the:
A	Factories Act, 1948
B	2 years
C	6 years
D	8 years
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	150
Question	The minimum wages as fixed under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 must be revised at least once in
A	5 years
B	2 years
C	6 years
D	8 years
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	151
Question	If an employee works on any day on which he was employed for a period less than the requisite number of hours constituting a normal working day, he shall be entitled to receive wages
A	for a full normal working day
B	Two day
C	Three day
D	Four day
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	152
Question	To provide guidelines for wage structures in the country, a tripartite Committee Viz., "The Committee on Fair Wage" was constituted on -----
A	1948
B	2009
C	2020
D	2019
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	153
Question	Under this act, the appropriate Governments have the power to notify any employment where ----- number of employees are working in 'schedule of employment' to fix the rates of minimum wages
A	1000
B	2000
C	30
D	400
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	154
Question	Organisation establishes relationship between
A	People, work and resources
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	155
Question	Organisation is a process of
A	Identifying and grouping of work to be performed
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	156
Question	Responsibility always flows from
A	Subordinate to superior
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	157
Question	Authority always flows from
A	Superior to subordinate
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	158
Question	The maximum daily hours of work in a day with normal wage allowed in factories is
A	7 HR
B	None
C	3 HR
D	11 HR
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	159
Question	Under this act, the appropriate Governments have the power to notify any employment where ----- number of employees are working in 'schedule of employment' to fix the rates of minimum wages
A	1000
B	2000
C	30
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	160
Question	Authority always flows from
A	Superior to manger
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	161
Question	The number of persons which can be effectively supervised by a single executive or departmental head should be limited to ___ in an average firm.
A	6
B	7
C	8
D	9
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	162
Question	Authority always flows from
A	Superior to subordinate
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	163
Question	The following is not a principle of organization
A	Principle of complexity
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	164
Question	The following is not a type of organization structure
A	Flexible organization
B	Customer, work
C	work and management
D	Organization structure
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	165
Question	The following is also known as Military organisation
A	Flexible organization
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Line Organization
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	166
Question	In line organisation, the business activities are divided into following three types
A	Superior to subordinate
B	Customer, work and resources
C	Accounts, Production, Sales
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	167
Question	Which organisation structure is generally followed by big steel plants?
A	Superior to subordinate
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Line Organization
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	168
Question	In which of the following organisation structure, each specialist is supposed to give his functional advice to all other foremen and workers
A	Functional organization
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Line Organization
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	169
Question	The process of dividing the work and then grouping them into units and subunits for the purpose of administration is known
A	Departmentation
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	170
Question	Departmentalization is a process where
A	Superior to subordinate
B	Jobs are grouped into effective work groups
C	People, work and management
D	Customer, and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	171
Question	Departmentation leads to grouping of
A	Functional organization
B	Activity
C	People, work and management
D	Line Organization
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	172
Question	The department can be created by
A	Superior to subordinate product
B	product
C	People, work and management
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	173
Question	In hospitals, the following type of departmentation is common
A	Superior to subordinate
B	Customer, work and resources
C	function
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	174
Question	Reaching toward an objective or striving to fall into what part of management?
A	Controlling
B	organizing
C	controlling
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	175
Question	A person invested part of Rs. 45,000 at 4% and the rest at 6%. If his annual income from both is equal, then what is the average rate of interest?
A	10
B	20
C	30
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	5

Id	176
Question	A number that summarizes some aspect of the population as a whole is called as
A	Superior to subordinate
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Sample
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	177
Question	The steps involved in choosing people who have the right qualifications to fill a current or future job opening:
A	recruitment
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	178
Question	Which of the following functions is closely related to management?
A	Superior to subordinate
B	Customer, work and resources
C	Planning and control
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	179
Question	HRM does not include
A	Superior to subordinate
B	Sales and service
C	People, work and management
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	180
Question	The purpose of job evaluation is
A	Superior to subordinate
B	Customer, work and resources
C	Wages fixations
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	181
Question	What is the operative function of HRM?
A	Superior to subordinate
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	182
Question	The main advantage of functional organization is
A	Superior to subordinate
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	183
Question	Financial leverage is computed between EBT and _____.
A	Superior to subordinate
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	184
Question	What is M.B.O.?
A	Management by Organization
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	185
Question	Which of the following is not included in the 3Ps of HRM?
A	PRICE
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	186
Question	A Identify external environment factors under the SWOT analysis.
A	Management by Organization
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	187
Question	Following is not a negotiable instrument:
A	Management by Organization
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	188
Question	Which is not a component of McKinsey's 7-S framework?
A	Superior to subordinate
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	189
Question	A Receipt of loans/borrowings appear in the cash budget under the head
A	Non-operating cash inflow
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	190
Question	Which among the following is a type of control chart for variables?
A	C CHART
B	CSCHART
C	D CHART
D	B CHART
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	191
Question	The distribution of measured data can be studied by using
A	X chart
B	Rchart
C	Both A and B
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	192
Question	Which of the following gives actual measurement of any specific dimension?
A	Inspection by variables
B	Inspection by ables
C	Both A and B
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	193
Question	Sample size of 1 m2 is observed in which type of chart?
A	X chart
B	R chart
C	Both A and B
D	C chart
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	194
Question	What does QA and QC stand for?
A	Quality Assurance and Queuing Control
B	Quality Adjustment and Quality Completion
C	Quality Assurance and Quality Control
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	195
Question	Which of the following is not included in prevention cost?
A	equipment calibration and maintenance
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	196
Question	A product which is manufactured by using the degree of the design specification...
A	Quality Assurance and Queuing Control
B	Quality Adjustment and Quality Completion
C	Quality Assurance and Quality Control
D	Quality of conformance
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	197
Question	What type of chart will be used to plot the number of defectives in the output of any process?
A	X chart
B	R chart
C	Both A and B
D	P chart
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	198
Question	The natural variability of the process is measured by _____
A	X chart
B	R chart
C	Process standard deviation
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	199
Question	Plan-Do-Check -Act cycle is related to:
A	X chart
B	R chart
C	Both A and B
D	Non of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	200
Question	The process capability is calculated as
A	X chart
B	R chart
C	Both A and B
D	Non of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	201
Question	Select the option which is not an appraisal in SQA?
A	Superior to subordinate
B	Customer, work and resources
C	People, work and management
D	Non of the above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	202
Question	Which of the following option is correct regarding QA and QC?
A	Quality Assurance and Queuing Control
B	Quality Adjustment and Quality Completion
C	Quality Assurance and Quality Control
D	Customer, work and management
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	203
Question	What is QA?
A	Any systematic process used to ensure quality in the process
B	Quality Assurance and Queuing Control
C	Quality Adjustment and Quality Completion
D	Quality Assurance and Quality Control
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	204
Question	What is QC?
A	Any systematic process used to ensure quality in the process
B	Quality Assurance and Queuing Control
C	Quality Adjustment and Quality Completion
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	205
Question	Which of the following is not a part of Five M's?
A	Motion
B	Machine
C	Mold
D	Method
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	206
Question	Which of the following is true for 'Routing'?
A	Any systematic process used to ensure quality in the process
B	Quality Assurance and Queuing Control
C	Quality Adjustment and Quality Completion
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	207
Question	Loading may be defined as
A	Any systematic process used to ensure quality in the process
B	Sending the raw material to the machine
C	Quality Adjustment and Quality Completion
D	Assign the work to the facilities
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	208
Question	Dispatching authorizes the start of production operations by (i)Release of material and components from stores to first process (ii)Release of material from process to process (iii)Issue of drawings instruction sheets Which of the following is (are) true?
A	i
B	I,ii
C	I,iii
D	i,ii,iii
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	209
Question	The bill of material does not consist of
A	Part number
B	Quality Adjustment and Quality Completion
C	cost
D	Price of the part
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6

Id	210
Question	Procurement cycle time is time consumed for
A	Any systematic process used to ensure quality in the process
B	Quality Assurance and Queuing Control
C	Quality Adjustment and Quality Completion
D	None of above
Answer	
Marks	2
Unit	6