Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Technological University

(Established as a University of Technology in the State of Maharashtra)

(under Maharashtra Act No. XXIX of 2014)

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Department of Mechanical Engineering

Proposed Course Structure & Contents

for

M.Tech. Program in Computer Aided Analysis and Design

From I to IV Semester

Finalized in BoS meeting held on 7th April, 2017

Vision

The vision of the Department is to achieve excellence in teaching, learning, research and transfer of technology and overall development of students.

Mission

Imparting quality education, looking after the holistic development of students and conducting need-based research and extension activities.

Post Graduate Attributes

The Post Graduate Attributes are the knowledge skills and attitudes which the students have at the time of post-graduation.

These Post Graduate Attributes identified by National Board of Accreditation are as follows:

1. **Engineering knowledge**: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialisation to the solution of engineering problems involving research.
2. **Problem analysis:** Identity, formulate, research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
3. **Design/development of solutions:** Design solutions for engineering problems involving research and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
4. **Conduct investigations of complex problems:** Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
5. **Modern tool usage:** Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to research activities with an understanding of the limitations.
6. **The engineer and society:** Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
7. **Environment and sustainability:** Understand the impact of the research based engineeringsolutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate theknowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
8. **Ethics:** Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice to research problems.
9. **Individual and team work:** Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
10. **Communication:** Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
11. **Project management and finance:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader of a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
12. **Life-long learning:** Recognise the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

Program Educational Objectives

PEO1	To train students with in-depth and advanced knowledge to become professional and capable of identifying, analyzing and solving complex problems in the areas of Computer Aided Analysis and Design.
PEO2	To enable post graduates to carry out innovative and independent research work, disseminate the knowledge in Academia/Industry/Research Organizations to develop systems and processes in the related field.
PEO3	To prepare the students to exhibit a high level of professionalism, integrity, effective communication skills and environmental and social responsibility.
PEO4	To provide an academic environment that gives adequate opportunity to the students to cultivate life-long independent learning ability for their successful professional career.

Program Outcomes

At the end of the program the student will be able to:

PO1	Acquire, demonstrate and apply advanced knowledge in the area of Computer Aided Analysis and Design Engineering.
PO2	Identify problems in the field of Computer Aided Analysis and Design Engineering, formulate them and solve by using advanced techniques.
PO3	Conduct independent research and generate new knowledge for the benefit of community, society Industry and country.
PO4	Apply various numerical methods, advanced software and engineering tools to model, analyze and solve Computer Aided Analysis and Design Engineering problems.
PO5	Work effectively in interdisciplinary teams for solving real life problems in the related field.
PO6	Apply engineering and scientific principles for the effective management of Mechanical systems.
PO7	Effectively communicate through technical reports, presentations and scientific publications with the engineering community as well as society at large.
PO8	Demonstrate traits of management in handling engineering projects, related finance, and coordinate with workforce towards achieving goals.
PO9	Demonstrate high level of professional and intellectual integrity, ethics of research and scholarly standards.
PO10	Examine critically the outcomes of one's actions and make corrective measures subsequently.
PO11	Demonstrate the ability to work in team in the laboratory in achieving multidisciplinary tasks required for the project.
PO12	Engage in life-long reflective and independent learning with high level of enthusiasm and commitment.

DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING
MASTER OF TECHNOLOGY
(Computer Aided Analysis and Design)

Syllabus effective from 2017-2018

Semester-I

Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
MCAAD101	Computer Aided Design	03	01	--	04
MCAAD102	Advanced Methods in Engineering Design	03	01	--	04
MCAAD103	Advanced Mechanical Vibrations	03	01	--	04
MCAAD104A to	Elective-I (any 1)	03	--	--	03
MCAAD104K	Elective-II (any 1)	03	--	-	03
BHS101	Communication Skills	02	--	-	02
MCAAD105	Design Lab I	--	--	03	02
	Total for Semester-I	**17**	**03**	**03**	**22**

List of Elective Courses

Course Code	Name of the Course
MCAAD104A	Design for Manufacture and Assembly
MCAAD104B	Modeling and Simulation
MCAAD104C	Computer Graphics
MCAAD104D	Reliability Engineering
MCAAD104E	Machine Tool Design
MCAAD104F	Tribology in Design
MCAAD104G	Operations Research
MCAAD104H	Mechanics of Composites Materials
MCAAD104I	Advanced Machine Design
MCAAD104J	Material Handling Equipment Design

Semester-II

Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
MCAAD201	Computational Techniques in Design Engineering	03	1	-	04
MCAAD202	Finite Element Methods	03	1	-	04
MCAAD203A to MCAAD203K	Elective-III	03	-	-	03
	Elective- IV	03	-	-	03
MCAAD204A to MCAAD204K	Elective-V –(Open)	03	-	-	03
MCAAD205	Seminar-I	--	04	-	02
MCAAD206	Mini Project	--	--	03	02
	Total for Semester II	**15**	**06**	**03**	**21**

List of Elective Courses

Course Code	Name of the Course
MCAAD203A	Process Equipment Design
MCAAD203B	Design of Hydraulic and Pneumatic
MCAAD203C	Mechatronics
MCAAD203D	Industrial product Design
MCAAD203E	Design Optimization
MCAAD203F	Instrumentation and Automatic Control
MCAAD203G	Design of piping system
MCAAD203H	Computational Fluid Dynamics
MCAAD203I	Vehicle Dynamics
MCAAD203J	Design of Experiments

Elective-V (Open Elective Courses)

Course Code	Name of the Course
MCAAD204A	Soft Computing Techniques
MCAAD204B	Artificial Intelligence
MCAAD204C	Research Methodology

Semester-III

Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
MCAAD301	*Project Management and Intellectual Property Rights (Self Study Course)	--	--	--	02
MCAAD302	Project Stage -I	---	--	--	10
	Total for Semester III	**--**	**--**	**--**	**12**

Semester-IV

Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
MCAAD401	Project Stage-II	-	-	-	20
	Total for Semester IV	**-**	**-**	**-**	**20**

Semester I
Computer Aided Design

MCAAD101	Computer Aided Design	PCC	3-1-0	4 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Course Outcomes	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Course Contents:

Unit 1
Introduction: The design process, elements of CAD

Unit 2
Principles of Software Design: Characteristics of good software, data structures, algorithm design, flow chart, coding, top-down programming, modular programming, structural coding, testing of the software.

Unit 3
3D Modeling and Viewing: Coordinate systems, sketching and sketch planes; Modeling aids and tools; Layers, grids, clipping, arrays, editing.
Computer Graphics: Graphics display, transformations, visualizations, computer animation.

Unit 4
Curves Modeling: Analytical and synthetic curves, curve manipulations.

Surface Modeling: Surface representation and surface analysis, analytical and synthetic surfaces, surface manipulations, NURBS.

Solid Modeling: Geometry and topology, solid entities, solid representation, fundamental of solid modeling, half spaces, boundary representation, constructive solid geometry, sweeps, solid manipulations.

Unit 5

Features: Feature entities, feature representation, three-dimensional sketching, parametric, relations, constraints, feature manipulation.

Mass properties: Geometric and mass properties evaluation, assembly modeling, product data exchange

Unit 6

Optimization technique: Single variable optimization, multi-variable optimization, Johnson's method of optimum design, genetic algorithm.

Texts/References:

1. Zeid, I., "Mastering CAD/CAM", Tata McGraw Hill. 2007
2. Onwubiko, C., "Foundation of Computer Aided Design", West Publishing Company. 1989
3. Hsu, T. R. and Sinha, D. K., "Computer Aided Design: An Integrated Approach", West Publishing Company. 1991
4. Dimarogonas, A. D., "Computer Aided Machine Design", Prentice Hall. 1988
5. Mortenson, M. E., "Geometric Modeling", 3rd Ed., Industrial Press. 2006

Semester I
Advanced Methods in Engineering Design

MCAAD102	Advanced Methods in Engineering Design	PCC	3-1-0	4 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

Unit 1
Engineering Optimisation: Engineering applications of optimisation, statement of optimisation problem, classification of optimisation problem, Classical optimisation-Introduction, single variable optimisation, multivariable optimisation with no constraint, equality constraint, inequality constraint, Linear programming problem, unconstrained optimisation problem

Unit 2
Theory of Plates: The elasticity approach, assumptions of classical plate theory, moment curvature relations, equilibrium equations, governing biharmonic equation, boundary conditions, solution of problem, strain energy of plate, analysis of rectangular plate using Navier's and Levy's methods.

Unit 3
Fracture Mechanics: Introduction to linear elastic fracture mechanics, modes of fracture, stress intensity factor, crack initiation and crack opening phenomenon, stress distribution

around the crack tip under various loading conditions, fracture toughness GIc , R-curves, critical strain energy release rate.

Unit 4
Fatigue Failure: Stress cycles, S-N curve, Goodman diagram, description of fatigue fracturedparts, fatigue curve, fatigue crack propagation, low cycle fatigue, high cycle fatigue, mechanismof fatigue failure, effects of various variables on fatigue, fatigue under combined stresses.
Creep Failure: Creep curve, structural changes and mechanisms during creep, activation energyfor steady-state creep, fracture at elevated temperature.

Unit 5
Design of Composites: Basic concepts and terminology, classification, advantages and limitations, Hooke's law for anisotropic, monoclinic, orthotropic, specially orthotropic, transversely isotropic and isotropic materials, Hooke's law for 2-D unidirectional lamina

Unit 6
Design for Reliability: Reliability definition, failure, failure density, failure rate, hazard rate, mean time to failure, MTBF, maintainability, availability, pdf, cdf, safety and reliability, qualityassurance and reliability, bath tub curve, stress strength interaction

Texts/ References:
1. S.S. Rao, Engineering Optimization-Theory & Practice, New Age Int. Publication
2. R. Ganguli, Engineering Optimization-A Modern Approach, Universities Press
3. T.K. Vardan and K. Bhaskar, Analysis of Plates-Theory and Problems, Narosa Publishing House
4. S.P. Timoshenko and S. Woinowsky-Krieger, Theory of Plates and Shells, Tata McGraw Hill Book Company
5. T.L. Anderson, Fracture Mechanics-Fundamentals and Applications, CRC Press
6. D Broek, Elementary Engineering Fracture Mechanics, Noordnoff
7. G.E. Dieter, Mechanical Metallurgy, McGraw Hill Book Company
8. R.M. Jones, Mechanics of Composites, Taylor and Francs Inc.
9. D. Hull and T.W. Clyne, An Introduction to Composite Materials, Cambridge UniversityPress
10. L.P. Kollar and G.S. Springer, Mechanics of Composite Structure, Cambridge UniversityPress
11. J.N. Reddy, Mechanics of Laminated Composite Plates and Shells-Theory and Analysis, CRC Press
12. L.S. Srinath, Concepts of Reliability Engineering, Affiliated East-West Press (P) Ltd.
13. A.K. Govil, Reliability Engineering, Tata McGraw- Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.

Semester-I
Advance Mechanical Vibration

MCAAD103	Advance Mechanical Vibration	PCC	3-1-0	4 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Pre-Requisites: Dynamics of Machinery, Mechanical Vibrations

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	
CO6	

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Program Outcomes→ Course Outcomes ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution   2- Means medium contribution   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

Unit 1

MULTI-DEGREE OF FREEDOM SYSTEM: Free Vibration Equation of motion, Influence Coefficients (Stiffness and Flexibility), Generalized Coordinates, and Coordinate Coupling. Lagrangian and Hamilton Equations, Matrix Method, Eigen value and Eigen Vector Method

Unit 2
VIBRATION MEASUREMENT: Basic signal attributes, Vibration measuring sensors (Displacement, Velocity, and Acceleration), Piezoelectric Accelerometers, Method for Calibrating Accelerometer, Basic Process of Digital Frequency Analyzer, Digital Analyzer operating principles, Measurement of phase, Phase fundamentals, Comparing two waveforms using reference, Cross Channel phase analysis, Electronic Filters, Time and orbital domain, Time and frequency domains, Evaluation of vibration severity, ISO standards: ISO 10816 and ISO 7919

Unit 3
MODAL ANALYSIS: Introduction, Free vibration response using modal analysis, Forced vibration response using modal analysis, Experimental modal analysis: Necessary equipment, signal processing, Measurement of mode shapes, Introduction to damage detection in structures using changes in modal frequency and mode shapes

Unit 4
VIBRATION CONTROL: Conventional Methods: By Mass/Inertia, Stiffness, Damping (Vibration Isolation Principles). Dynamic vibration absorbers. Introduction to Semi-Active and Active Vibration Control

Unit 5
NON-LINEAR VIBRATIONS: Basics of non-linear vibration, Systems with non-linear elastic properties, free vibrations of system with non-linear elasticity and damping, phase-plane techniques, Duffing's equation, Jump phenomenon, Limit cycle, Perturbation method.

Unit 6
VIBRATION ANALYSIS FOR MACHINERY MALFUNCTION: Analysis of machinery vibration problems, Methodology of vibration analysis, Condition/vibration monitoring data collection, Trending of data, Time wave form analysis, Signature analysis, Absolute Phase analysis and cross channel phase analysis, Orbit analysis. Root Cause Analysis. Methodology of diagnosis of unbalance, misalignment and antifriction bearing defects. Frequency calculation and their significance in signature analysis of antifriction bearing, Mechanical Looseness, diagnosis of foundation problem.

Texts/References:
1. Leonard Meirovitch – Elements of Vibration Analysis, McGraw Hill
2. Thomson W.T , Theory of Vibration with Applications., Prentice Hall India.
3. Rao V and J Srinivas, Mechanical Vibrations, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.

4. S.S Rao, Mechanical Vibrations, Pearson Education India

Semester I
Communication Skills

BHS101	Communication Skills	PCC	2-0-0	2 Credits
	Continuous Assessment (25 Marks)	Pract/Oral (25 Marks)		Total (50 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

Unit 1
Communication and Communication Processes Introduction to Communication, Forms and functions of Communication, Barriers to Communication and overcoming them, Verbal and Non-verbal Communication, Ways of Effective Communication.

Unit 2
Oral Communication Use of Language in Spoken Communication, Features of Good Communication, Principles and Practice of Group Discussion, Public Speaking (Addressing Small Groups and Making Presentation), Interview Techniques, Appropriate Use of Non-verbal Communication, Presentation Skills, Telephonic Etiquettes, Extempore, Elocution, Describing Experiences and Events.

Unit 3

Study of Sounds in English Introduction to phonetics, Study of Speech Organs, Study of Phonemic Script, Articulation of Different Sounds in English, Stress Mark.

Unit 4
English Grammar Grammar: Forms of Tenses, Articles, Prepositions, Use of Auxiliaries and Modal Auxiliaries, Synonyms and Antonyms, Common Errors, Sentence Formation and Sentence Structures, Use of Appropriate Diction.

Unit 4
Writing Skills Features of Good Language, Difference between Technical Style and Literary Style, Writing Emails, Formal and Informal English, Business Writing, Advertisements, Essay Writing, (Technical, Social, and Cultural Topics), Technical Reports: Report Writing: Format, Structure and Types, Writing Memorandum, Circulars, Notices, Agenda and Minutes, Technical Manuals, Brochures
Letter Writing: Types, Parts, Layouts, Letters and Applications, Use of Different Expressions and Style, Writing Job Application Letter and Resume.

Unit 5
Reading Skills & Listening Skills
Reading: Introduction to Reading, Barriers to Reading, Types of Reading: Skimming, Scanning, Fast Reading, Strategies for Reading, Comprehension.
Listening: Importance of Listening, Types of Listening, Barriers to Listening.

TEXTS/REFERENCE:
1. Mohd. Ashraf Rizvi, Communications Skills for Engineers, Tata McGraw Hill
2. Sanjay Kumar, Pushp Lata, Communication Skills, Oxford University Press, 2016
3. Meenakshi Raman, Sangeeta Sharma, Communication Skills, Oxford University Press, 2017
4. Teri Kwal Gamble, Michael Gamble, Communication Works, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 2010

Semester I
Design for Manufacturing & Assembly

MCAAD104A	Design for Manufacturing & Assembly	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Pre-Requisites: None
Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Course Outcomes	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Course Contents:

Unit 1

Design for manufacturing: reduce the cost of manufacturing process, understanding the process and constraints, standard components and process, consider the impact of DFM decisions and other factors.

Unit 2

Design consideration in metal casting: Mold and Gating System Design, Directional Solidification, and Troubleshooting.

Unit 3

Design for welding: selection of materials for joining, welding defects, minimize the residual stresses etc. Design for forging and sheet metal and powder metal process.

Unit 4

Selection of materials: choice of materials, organizing material and processes.

Unit 5

Application of Design for manufacture and assembly with selection of materials and ranking of processes like casting, injection moulding, sheet metal working, die casting, powder metal process, investment casting and hot forging,

Unit 6

Design for assembly and automation

Texts / Reference

1. Process and Design for manufacturing by Sherif D EL Wakil
2. Manufacturing, Planning and control systems by Thomas E Vollmann Willam L Beroy
3.Automation, Production System and Computer Integrated Manufacturing by Mikell P Groover.

Semester I
Modeling and Simulation

MCAAD104B	Modeling and Simulation	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

Unit 1
Introduction to Modeling: Concept of system, continuous and discrete systems, types of models, steps in simulation study.

Unit 2
Mathematical Preliminaries: Review of vector calculus, Cartesian tensors, vector spaces and linear transformations; Interpolation and extrapolation; Numerical differentiation and integration.

Unit 3
Discrete and Continuous systems: Continuous and discrete systems from fluid mechanics and heat transfer; Characteristics of discrete systems, eigenvalue problems; Characteristics of continuous systems based on differential equations; Inverse problems.

Unit 4

Mathematical Modeling of Thermal Processes: Conservation laws, mass, momentum and energy balance; Classification of governing equations, boundary conditions; Dimensional analysis, model development for various thermal processes and system; Dynamics of thermo-fluid systems.

Unit 5
Simulation of Thermal Systems: Numerical methods for solution of partial and ordinary differential equations; Numerical solution of linear and nonlinear algebraic equations; Numerical simulation of steady state and dynamic systems.

Unit 6
Optimization of Thermal Systems: Introduction to optimization, formulation of objective function, constrained single and multivariable optimization, dynamic integer and geometric programming.
Laboratory Component: Students will be required to develop mathematical models and computer programs for numerical simulation of various thermal systems.

Texts/References:
1. Jaluria, Y., "Design and Optimization of Thermal Systems", 2nd Ed., CRC Press. 2007
2. Bejan, A., Tsatsaronic, G., and Moran, M., "Thermal Design and Optimization", John Wiley & Sons. 1995
3. Close, C. M., and Frederick, D. K., "Modeling and Analysis of Dynamic Systems", John Wiley & Sons. 2001
4. Jaluria, Y. "Computer Methods for Engineering with MATLAB Applications", 2nd Edition, CRC Press. 2011
5. Press, W. H., Teukolsky, S. A., Vetterling, W. T. and Flannery, B. P., "Numerical
6. Recipes: The Art of Scientific Computing", Third Edition, Cambridge University Press
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MCAAD104C	Computer Graphics	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

Unit 1
Introduction: Role of Computer Graphics in CAD/CAM, configuration of graphic workstations, menu design and Graphical User Interfaces (GUI), customization and parametric programming.

Unit 2
Geometric Transformations and Projections: Vector representation of geometric entities, homogeneous coordinate systems, fundamentals of 2D and 3D transformations: Reflection, translation, rotation, scaling, and shearing, various types of projections.

Unit 3
Curves: Modeling planar and space curves, analytical and synthetic approaches, non-parametric and parametric equations.

Unit 4
Surfaces: Modeling of bi-parametric freedom surfaces, Coons, Bezier, B-spline, and NURBS surfaces, surface manipulation techniques.

Unit 5
Geometric Modeling: Geometric modeling techniques, wireframe modeling, solid modeling: B-Rep, CSG, hybrid modelers, feature based, parametric and variational modeling.

Unit 6
Data Structure in Computer Graphics: Introduction to product data standards and data structures, data-base integration for CIM.

Texts/References:
1. Rogers, D. F., and Adams, J. A., "Mathematical Elements for Computer Graphics", McGraw Hill. 1989
2. Faux, I. D. and Pratt, M. J., "Computational Geometry for Design and Manufacture", Ellis Horwood Ltd. 1979
3. Mortenson, M. E., "Geometric Modeling", 3rd Ed., Industrial Press. 2006
4. Zeid, I., "CAD/CAM: Theory and Practice", Tata McGraw Hill. 1998
5. Choi, B. K., "Surface Modeling for CAD/CAM", John Wiley & Sons 1991

Semester I
Reliability Engineering

MCAAD104D	Reliability Engineering	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

Unit 1
Modelling of Life Distribution Functions
Quantification of reliability. Parameters of reliability: hazard rate and MTTF (for non-repairable items), failure rate and MTBF (for repairable items). Common failure patterns of systems and components; the bathtub curve for instantaneous failure rates. The memoryless property of items with a constant failure rate. Two- and three-parameter Weibull models.

Unit 2
Failure Mechanisms
Stress-strength interference as a cause of failure. Approaches to minimize the chance of interference: safety margin, improving process capability, screening of items, and curtailment of load distribution.

Unit 3
Modelling of System Reliability

Reliability block diagrams. Series and parallel configurations; use of the Bayesian approach. Use of redundancy to improve reliability. Active and standby redundancies.

Unit 4
Reliability Design

Reliability programs. Reliability prediction in the preliminary design stage; the component count approach. Use of the component manufacturer 's data and computer packages for reliability prediction. Simplification, derating, and use of redundancy. Fault tree analysis; failure modes, effects, and criticality analysis; development testing; failure reporting and corrective action systems; reliability growth models.

Unit 5
Analysis of Life Data

Non-parametric estimation of reliability functions. Parametric analysis of life data – probability plots of ungrouped and grouped data. Weibull analysis: parameter estimation, censored data, confidence limits, and Bq life. Hazard plots.

Unit 6

Reliability Testing

Reliability validation tests, MIL-STD-781: the OC curve, discrimination ratio, producer's and consumer's risks. Failure truncation, time truncation, PRST. Confidence intervals for MTBF. Sudden death tests. Environmental testing. Accelerated tests.

Texts/Refernces
1. Andrew K.S. Jardine and Albert H.C. Tsang, 2013, Maintenance, Replacement and Reliability: Theory and Applications, 2nd edition, CRC Press
2. O'Connor, D.T., 2002, Practical Reliability Engineering, 4th edn, Wiley
3. Elsayed, Elsayed A, 2012, Reliability Engineering, 2nd edition, John Wiley
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Semester I
Machine Tool Design

MCAAD104E	Machine Tool Design	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Study kinematics of various machine tools.
CO2	Understand principles of various machine tool feed and speed drives.
CO3	Design power screws, slideways and machine tool spindle with bearings.
CO4	Design structure and other auxiliary mechanism of machine tool.
CO5	Apply modular design aesthetics and ergonomics for machine tool.
CO6	Study acceptance test of machine tools and methods of machine tool condition.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Program Outcomes→ / Course Outcomes ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	1	3		1	2			1		1
CO2	2	2	1	2		1	1			1		1
CO3	2	1		2	2						1	1
CO4	2	1		2	2						1	1
CO5	2	2		1	2	2			2	2	1	1
CO6	2	2	1	2	2	1		1		1		1

Course Contents:

Unit 1

Introduction to metal cutting machine tools- criteria for the selection of operating capacity and design parameters, kinematics of machine tools.

Unit 2

Basic principles of machine tool design, estimation of drive power, machine tool drives, electrical, mechanical and fluid drives, stepped and step less speed arrangements and systems.

Unit 3

Design of machine tool spindles and bearings, design of power screws, design of slide ways, selective and pre-selective mechanisms.

Unit 4

Machine tool structures-beds, columns, tables and supports, stock feed mechanism, Measurement and control of machine tools, protective and safety devices, design of precision machine tools.

Unit 5

Micro-feeding mechanisms, concept of modular design and integration of SPM`s, Concepts of aesthetic and ergonomics applied to machine tools.

Unit 6

Acceptance tests standardization of machine tools, machine tool conditioning, latest trends in machine tool design, Introduction to CAD techniques.

Texts/References:
1. N. K.Mehta , Machine tool design, Tata Mcgraw-hill, New Delhi, 1989.
2. N.Acherkan, Machine tool design, Vol. 3 and 4, Mir publisher, Moscow, 1968.
3. A.Koenigsburger, Design principles of metal cutting machine tools, Pergamon press, 1964.
4. C.M.T.I. Machine tool design course notes, C.M.T.I. Bangalore.
5. G.Sen andA.Bhattacharya , Principles of machine tools, Vol. 2, NCB, Calcutta, 1973.

Semester I
Tribology in Design

MCAAD104F	Tribology in Design	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

Unit 1
SURFACES, FRICTION AND WEAR: Topography of Surfaces, Surface features, Surface interaction, Theory of Friction, Sliding and Rolling Friction, Friction properties of metallic and non -metallic materials, Friction in extreme conditions, Wear, types of wear, Mechanism of wear, wear resistance materials, Surface treatment, Surface modifications, Surface coatings.

Unit 2
LUBRICATION THEORY: Lubricants and their physical properties lubricants standards, Lubrication Regimes in Hydrodynamic lubrication, Reynolds Equation, Thermal, inertia and turbulent effects.

Unit 3
OTHER TYPES OF LUBRICATION: Electro-hydrodynamic (EHD), Magneto hydrodynamic lubrication, Hydro static lubrication, Gas lubrication, Solid lubrication.

Unit 4

DESIGN OF FLUID FILM BEARINGS: Design and performance analysis of thrust and journal bearings, Full, Partial, Fixed and pivoted journal bearings design, Lubricant flow and delivery, Power loss, Heat and temperature of steady and dynamically loaded journal bearings, Special bearings, Hydrostatic Bearing design.

Unit 5

ROLLING ELEMENT BEARINGS: Geometry and kinematics, Materials and manufacturing processes, contact stresses, Hertzian stress equation, Load divisions, Stresses and deflection, Axial loads and rotational effects, bearing life capacity and variable loads, ISO standards, Oil films and their effects, Rolling Bearings Failures.

Unit 6

TRIBO MEASUREMENT AND INSTRUMENTATION: Surface Topography measurements, Electron microscope and friction and wear measurements, Laser method, Instrumentation, International standards, Bearings performance measurements, bearing vibration measurement

Texts/References:
1. Cameron A., "Basic Lubrication Theory", Ellis Horwood Ltd., UK, 1981
2. Halling J. (Editor) – "Principles of Tribology ", Macmillian, 1984.
3. Williams J.A., "Engineering Tribology", Oxford Univ. Press, 1994.
4. Neale, M.J., "Tribology Hand Book", Butterworth Heinemann, 1995.
5. StolarskiT.a., "Tribology in Machine Design", Industrial Press Inc., 1990.

Semester I
Operations Research

MCAAD104G	Operations Research	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

Unit 1
Introduction: definition and scope of OR; Techniques and tools; Model formulation; general methods for solution; Classification of optimization problems; Optimization techniques.

Unit 2
Linear Optimization Models: Complex and revised simplex algorithms; Duality theorems, sensitivity analysis; Assignment, transportation and transshipment models; Traveling salesman problem as an assignment problem; Integer and parametric programming; Goal programming.

Unit 3
Game Problems: Mini-max criterion and optimal strategy; Two person zero sum game; Games by simplex dominance rules.

Unit 4

Waiting Line Problems: Classification of queuing situations; Kendall's notation, Poisson arrival with exponential or Erlang service time distribution; Finite and infinite queues; Optimal service rates; Application of queuing theory to industrial problems.

Unit 5
Dynamic Programming: Characteristic of dynamic programming problems (DPPs); Bellman's principle of optimality; Problems with finite number of stages; Use of simplex algorithm for solving DPPs.

Unit 6
Non-linear Programming: One dimensional minimization methods; Unconstrained optimization techniques; Optimization techniquescharacteristics of a constrained problem; Indirect methods; Search and gradient methods.

Texts/References:
1. Taha, H. A., "An Introduction to Operations Research", 6th Ed., Prentice Hall. 2006
2. Hillier, F. J. and Lieberman, G. J., "Introduction to Operations Research", 7th Ed., Holden Day.2001
3. Phillips, D. T, Ravindran, A. and Solberg, A. A., "Operations Research: Principles and Practice", 2nd Ed., John Wiley and Sons. 1986
4. Wagner, H. M., "Principles of OR with Applications to Managerial Decisions", 2nd Ed., Prentice Hall. 1975
5. Jensen, P. A, and Bard, J. F., "Operations Research Models and Methods", John Wiley and Sons. 2008

Mechanics of Composite Materials

MCAAD104H	Mechanics of Composite Materials	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution, 2- Means medium contribution, 3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

Unit 1
INTRODUCTION, BASIC CONCEPTS AND CHARACTERISTICS: Definition and characteristics, Overview of advantage and limitations of composite materials, Significance and objectives of composite materials, Science and technology, current status and future prospectus, Structural performance of conventional material, Geometric and physical definition, Material response, Classification of composite materials, Scale of analysis; Micromechanics, Basic lamina properties, Constituent materials and properties, Properties of typical composite materials.

Unit 2
ELASTIC BEHAVIOUR OF UNIDIRECTIONAL LAMINA: Stress-strain relations, Relation between mathematical and engineering constants, transformation of stress, strain and elastic parameters.

Unit 3

STRENGTH OF UNIDIRECTIONAL LAMINA: Micromechanics of failure; failure mechanisms, Macro-mechanical strength parameters, Macro-mechanical failure theories, Applicability of various failure theories.

Unit 4
ELASTIC BEHAVIOR OF LAMINATE: Basic assumptions, Strain-displacement relations, Stress-strain relation of layer within a laminate, Force and moment resultant, general load–deformation relations, Analysis of different types of laminates.

Unit 5
HYGROTHERMAL EFFECTS: Hygro-thermal effects on mechanical behaviour, Hygro-thermal stress-strain relations, Hygro-thermoelastic stress analysis of laminates, Residual stresses, Warpage.

Unit 6
STRESS AND FAILURE ANALYSIS OF LAMINATES: Types of failures, Stress analysis and safety factors for first ply failure of symmetric laminates, Micromechanics of progressive failure; Progressive and ultimate laminate failure, Design methodology for structural composite materials

Texts/References:
1. Isaac M. Daniels, OriIshai, "Engineering Mechaincs of Composite Materials", Oxford University Press, 1994.
2. Bhagwan D. Agarwal, Lawrence J. Broutman, "Analysis and Performance of fiber composites", John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 1990.
3. Mathews, F. L. and Rawlings, R. D., "Composite Materials: Engineering and Science", CRC Press, Boca Raton, 2003.
4. MadhujitMukhopadhyay, "Mechanics of Composite Materials and Structures", University Press, 2004.
5. Mazumdar S. K., "Composaite Manufacturing – Materials, Product and Processing Engineering", CRC Press, Boca Raton, 2002.

Semester I
Advanced Machine Design

MCAAD104I	Advanced Machine Design	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

Unit 1
INTRODUCTION: Statistical Considerations in Design for factor of safety, relationship between actual load and load capability, selection of factor of safety based on percentage estimates for tolerances on actual load and load capability and where the occurrence of the failure phenomenon would be disastrous.

Unit 2
OPTIMUM DESIGN: Optimum design for mechanical elements by considering adequate design, optimum design, P.D.E., S.D.E., limit equations, principles of optimum design with normal specifications, redundant specifications, incompatible specifications, optimum design of tensile bar, torsion shaft, beams, step shafts and with combined loading.

Unit 3

MECHANICAL SPRINGS: Design of square or rectangular bar helical springs, Belleville springs, ring springs, torsion bar springs, theory of square or rectangular bar helical springs under axial loading, cone or flat disc spring theory.

Unit 4
CAMS: Basic curves, cam size determination, calculating cam profiles, advance curves, polydyne cams, dynamics of high speed cam systems, surface materials, stresses and accuracy, ramps.

Unit 5
FLAT PLATE: Stress resultants in a flat plate, kinematics strain- displacement, relations for plates, equilibrium equation for small displacement, theory of plates, stress-strain temperature relations for isotropic elastic plates, strain energy of a plate, boundary conditions for plates, Circular plates with hole and without hole with different types of support and loading.

Unit 6
Advances in machine design: Defining design, creativity, invention and innovation, design methodology, patterns of evaluation, design patents, functional approach, performance specifications, Quality Function Deployment, improvement of ideality, design strategy, problem definition, objective, top down and bottom up approaches, system, problem formulation, substance field analysis, morphological analysis, creative problem solving, inventive principle, evaluation of ideas or concepts, product design specifications, selection of best design,

Texts/References:
1. Leonard Meirovitch – Elements of Vibration Analysis, McGraw Hill
2. Thomson W.T , Theory of Vibration with Applications., Prentice Hall India.
3. Rao V and J Srinivas, Mechanical Vibrations, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
4. S.S Rao, Mechanical Vibrations, Pearson Education India

Material Handling Equipment Design

MCAAD104J	Material Handling Equipment Design	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)		End Semester Exam (60 Marks)	Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

Unit 1
Elements of Material Handling System
Importance, Terminology, Objectives and benefits of better Material Handling; Principles and features of Material Handling System; Interrelationships between material handling and plant layout, physical facilities and other organizational functions; Classification of Material Handling Equipment's.

Unit 2
Selection of Material Handling Equipment's:
Factors affecting for selection; Material Handling Equation; Choices of Material Handling Equipment; General analysis Procedures; Basic Analytical techniques; The unit load concept; Selection of suitable types of systems for applications; Activity cost data and economic

analysis for design of components of Material Handling Systems; functions and parameters affecting service; packing and storage of materials.

Unit 3
Design of Mechanical Handling Equipment's:
Design of Hoists: -
Drives for hoisting, components, and hoisting mechanisms; rail traveling components and mechanisms; hoisting gear operation during transient motion; selecting the motor rating and determining breaking torque for hoisting mechanisms.
Design of Cranes: -
Hand-propelled and electrically driven E.O.T. overheat Traveling cranes; Traveling mechanisms of cantilever and monorail cranes; design considerations for structures of rotary cranes with fixed radius; fixed post and overhead traveling cranes; Stability of stationary rotary and traveling rotary cranes.

Unit 4
Design of load lifting attachments:
Load chains and types of ropes used in Material Handling System; Forged, Standard and Ramshorn Hooks; Crane Grabs and Clamps; Grab Buckets; Electromagnet; Design consideration for conveyor belts; Application of attachments.

Unit 5
Study of systems and Equipment's used for Material Storage:
Objectives of storage; Bulk material handling; Gravity flow of solids through slides and chutes; Storage in bins and hoppers; Belt conveyors; Bucket-elevators; Screw conveyors; Vibratory Conveyors; Cabin conveyors; Mobile racks etc.
Unit 6
Material Handling / Warehouse Automation and Safety considerations:
[A] Storage and warehouse planning and design; computerized warehouse planning; Need, Factors and Indicators for consideration in warehouse automation; which function, When and How to automate; Levels and Means of Mechanizations.
[B] Safety and design; Safety regulations and discipline.

Texts\References:
1] N. Rudenko, 'Material Handling Equipments', Peace Publishers, Moscow.
2] James M. Apple, 'Material Handling System Design', John-Willlwy and Sons Publication, NewYork.
3] John R. Immer, 'Material Handling' McGrawHill Co. Ltd., New York.
4] Colin Hardi, 'Material Handling in Machine Shops'. Machinery Publication Co. Ltd., Landon.
5] M .P. Nexandrn, 'Material Handling Equipment', MIR Publication, Moscow.
6] C. R. Cock and J. Mason, 'Bulk Solid Handling', Leonard Hill Publication Co. Ltd., U.S.A.
7] Spivakovsy, A.O. and Dyachkov, V.K., 'Conveying Machines', Volumes I and II, MIR Publishers, 1985.
8] Kulwiac R. A., 'Material Handling Hand Book', 2nd edition, JohnWilly Publication, NewYork.

Design Lab

MCAAD105	Design Lab	PCC	3-0-0	3 Credits
	Continuous Assessment (25 Marks)	Oral / Practical (25 Marks)		Total (50 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

Note: Minimum 10 experiments to be performed

1. Design of mechatronic system for mechanical application
2. Demonstration of process control such as temp, level, flow, etc control using PID controller
3. Static analysis of any mechanical component using ANSYS, LSDyna etc. software
4. Dynamic anlysis of any mechanical component
5. Design and modelling of mechanical component using commercial software
6. Stress Analysis of composite shaft
7. Optimization techniques using MATLAB
8. Cutting force determination using force dynamometer in CNC Milling operation
9. Cutting force determination using force dynamometer in CNC Turning operation
10. Experimental study in micromachining using photo chemical machining
11. Study of EDM/Wire EDM for metal machining.
12. Metal casting simulation using PROCAST.
13. Sequencing of cylinders using pneumatic trainer kit.
14. Modeling of component and determination of mass properties.
15. Inspection of an engineering component using CMM.
16. Simulation of robot.

Semester-II
Computational Techniques in Design Engineering

MCAAD201	Computational Techniques in Design Engineering	PCC	3-1-0	4 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)		End Semester Exam (60 Marks)	Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	Solve a set of algebraic equations representing steady state models formed in engineering problems
CO2	Fit smooth curves for the discrete data connected to each other or to use interpolation methods over these data tables
CO3	Predict the system dynamic behavior through solution of ODEs modeling the system
CO4	Solve PDE models representing spatial and temporal variations in physical systems through numerical methods.
CO5	Demonstrate proficiency of using MATLAB, VB, ANSYS,EES etc.,

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Course Outcomes	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		2	1									
CO2			1									
CO3	1					1						
CO4		1		2								
CO5		1		1								
CO6		2	1	3								2

Course Contents:

Unit1

Data Analysis and Curve Fitting: Errors in numerical calculations, Interpolation by central differences, sterling Bessel & Everett Formulae, Interpolation Formula for unequal Intervals, Spline Interpolation, Cubic Splines. Least square method for linear & non-linear functions, weighted least square methods.

Unit 2

Solution of Linear System of Equations: Gauss Elimination with Pivoting, LU Decomposition method, Iterative methods, Eigen vectors-Jacobi method, Jacob's method, Gauss Siedel method.

Unit 3

Solution of Ordinary Differential Equation, Numerical Differentiation & Integration: Differentiation by Finite Differences, Numerical Integration by Newton-Cotes formula & Gauss Quadrature. Picard's Method, Euler's & Modified Euler's Method, Runge-Kutta Method (up to fourth order), Predictor-Corrector Methods, Milne Sompson, Adams Bashforth Moulten Methods.

Unit 4

Boundary value and Eigen value problems: Shooting method, finite difference method to solve boundary value problems, Polynomial method, power method to solve Eigen value problems.

Unit 5

Solution of Partial differential equations: Finite difference method, solution of Laplace &Parabolic equations.

Unit 6

Mathematical Modeling of Physical Problems, modeling Concept, Modeling of Linear Differential Equations of Second order.

Texts / References:

1. Dr. B.S. Grewal, Numerical methods for science &Engg., Khanna publications.
2. M.K. Jain, Numerical methods for Scientific &Engg. Computation, New age international publication.
3. E. Balagurusamy, Numerical methods, Tata McGraw Hill Publications.
1. K. Atkinson and W. Han, Elementary Numerical Analysis, 3rd Edition, Wiley-India, 2004.
2. J. D. Hoffman and Steven Frankel, Numerical Methods for Engineers and Scientists, 2nd Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2001
3. S. D. Conte and Carl de Boor, Elementary Numerical Analysis - An Algorithmic Approach, 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill, 1980.
4. S. S. Shastry, Introductory methods of numerical analysis, Third edition, Prentice hall of India publications pvt. Ltd.
    Swami, Saran Singh, Computer programming and numerical methods

Semester II
Finite Element Methods

MCAAD202	Finite Element Methods	PCC	3-1-0	4 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the basics principle of FE method
CO2	Identify mathematical model for solution of common problems
CO3	Solve structural, thermal problem using FE in 1D Case
CO4	Derive element stiffness matrix by different methods
CO5	Understand the formulation for 2D and 3D case
CO6	Recognize need for and engage in lifelong learning

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Course Outcomes	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1										
CO2	3	3	1		1							1
CO3	2	2	1	2	2				2			1
CO4	3								2			
CO5	3	2										
CO6			1									3

Course Contents:

Unit 1
1-D Problems: Introduction to structural analysis and FEM, Introduction to approximate solutions and FEM, summary of linear elastic mechanics.

Unit 2
1-D Problems: Principles of linear elastic mechanics, principles of virtual displacements and minimum potential energy, Rayleigh Ritz method, exact v/s approximate solution, beam elements.

Unit 3

2-D Problems: Plane stress and plane strain conditions, triangular elements, constant strain triangle, linear strain triangle, Boundary conditions, body forces and stress recovery, quadrilateral elements.

Unit 4

2-D Problems: Lagrange and Serendipity shape functions, isoparametric formulation, numerical integration, modeling with isoparametric elements, requirements for convergence, patch test, nonconforming elements, reduced integration.

Unit 5

3-D Problems: Axisymmetric solids, governing equations, axisymmetric elements and their applications, mixed formulations, bending of flat plates (Kirchhoff Theory), continuity requirements and boundary conditions.

Unit 6

3-D Problems: Discrete Kirchhoff's elements, thick plate elements, plate bending applications, shells as assemblage of flat plates, finite element formulation for dynamic problems, mass properties, introduction to elastic stability for frames and plates.

Texts / References:

1. R. D. Cook, Concepts and Applications of Finite Element Analysis, John Wiley and Sons, second edition, 1981.
2. C.S. Krishnamurti, Finite element method, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publication.
3. K.J. Bathe, Finite Element Method and Procedures, Prentice hall, 1996.
4. Tirupathi, R., and Chandrupatla, Finite Elements in Engineering, PHI Publication, New Delhi.
5. Bruce Irons and SoharabAhmed,Techniques of Finite Elements, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
6. K.J. Bathe, Finite Element Method, Prentice Hall, 1987.
O.P., Gupta, Finite and Boundary Element Methods in Engineering, Oxford and IBH.

Semester II
Seminar-I

MCAAD205	Seminar-I	PCC	0-4-0	4 Credits
	Continuous Assessment (50 Marks)		Practical/Oral (50 Marks)	Total (100 Marks)

Pre-Requisites: Previously studied course subjects.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Identify and compare technical and practical issues related to the area of course specialization.
CO2	Outline annotated bibliography of research demonstrating scholarly skills.
CO3	Prepare a well-organized report employing elements of technical writing and critical thinking.
CO4	Demonstrate the ability to describe, interpret and analyze technical issues and develop competence in presenting.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Course Outcomes	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	1		1	2		2	2	2	1	2
CO2		2				2		1	2	1		1
CO3						1	1	2	2	2		2
CO4	1	2	1	1		1	1	1	2	1		1

Objective:
To assess the debating capability of the student to present a technical topic. Also, to impart training to a student to face audience and present ideas and thus creating self-esteem, self-confidence and courage that are essential for an engineer.

Individual students are required to choose a topic of their interest from Manufacturing Systems Management related topics preferably from outside the M. Tech syllabus or an extension of syllabus and give a seminar on that topic for about 30 minutes. The Seminar can also be a case study from a Computer Aided Analysis design organization. A committee consisting of at least three faculty members shall assess the presentation of the seminar and

award marks to the students. Each student shall submit two copies of a write up of his / her seminar topic. One copy shall be returned to the student after duly certifying it by the Chairman of the assessing committee and the other will be kept in the departmental library. Internal continuous assessment marks are awarded based on the relevance of the topic, presentation skill, quality of the report and participation.

Semester-II
Mini Project

MCAAD206	Mini Project	PCC	0-0-4	2 Credits
	Continuous Assessment (50 Marks)	Practical/Oral (50 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Pre-Requisites:

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Identify methods and materials to carry out experiments/develop code.
CO2	Reorganize the procedures with a concern for society, environment and ethics.
CO3	Analyze and discuss the results to draw valid conclusions.
CO4	Prepare a report as per recommended format and defend the work
CO5	Explore the possibility of publishing papers in peer reviewed journals/conference proceedings.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Program Outcomes→ / Course Outcomes ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	1		2	2	1	1	2	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	2	2			2	2	1	2	1	2
CO3	2	2		3					2	2		1
CO4				2				2	2	3		1
CO5		1		2	2			2	2	3		1

Objectives:
To train students in identification, analysis, finding solutions and execution of live engineering and managerial problems. It is also aimed to enhance the capabilities of the students for group activities.

Individual students are required to choose a topic of their interest. The subject content of the mini project shall be from emerging / thrust areas, topics of current relevance having research aspects or shall be based on industrial visits. Students can also choose live problems from manufacturing organizations as their mini project. At the end of the semester, the students should submit a report duly authenticated by the respective guide, to the head of the department.
Mini Project will have internal marks 50 and Semester-end examination marks 50.

Internal marks will be awarded by respective guides as per the stipulations given below.

Attendance, regularity of student (20 marks)

Individual evaluation through viva voce / test (30 marks)

Total (50 marks)

Semester end examination will be conducted by a committee consisting of three faculty members. The students are required to bring the report completed in all respects duly authenticated by the respective guide and head of the department, before the committee. Students individually will present their work before the committee. The committee will evaluate the students individually and marks shall be awarded as follows.

Report   = 25 marks

Concept/knowledge in the topic = 15 marks

Presentation   = 10 marks

Total marks   = 50 marks

Process Equipment Design

MCAAD203A	Process Equipment Design	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	Understand the factors influencing design of pressure vessel
CO2	Calculate thickness and thickness variation for cylindrical storage tank.
CO3	Estimation of thickness for thin and thick wall pressure vessels
CO4	Design of flange and gasket selection for cylindrical pressure vessels
CO5	Selection of various blade and baffle arrangement for agitators
CO6	Design of support for horizontal and vertical vessel

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Program Outcomes→ Course Outcomes ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1		1			1	1	1				1
CO2	2	2	1			1	1	1				1
CO3	2	2	2			1	1	1				1
CO4	2	2	2			1	1	1				1
CO5	2	2	1			1	1	1				1
CO6	2	2	2			1	1	1				1

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

Unit 1
DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS FOR PRESSURE VESSEL: Introduction; Selection of type of vessel, Methods of fabrication, Effect of fabrication methods, Various criteria in vessel design, Economic considerations, Types of process equipment, Constructional requirement

and applications., Fabrication and testing, Inspection and non-destructive testing of equipment.

Unit 2
STORAGE VESSEL: Design methods of atmospheric storage vessel: storage of fluids, storage of non-volatile liquids, storage of volatile liquids, storage of gases, Optimum tank proportion, Bottom design, Shell design, Wind girder for open top tank, Rub curb angle, Self supported roof, Design of rectangular tank.

Unit 3
PRESSURE VESSEL: Unfired process vessel with internal and external pressure, Operating condition, Selection of material, Design condition, Stresses, Design criteria, Design of shell subjected to internal and external pressure, Cylindrical vessel under combined loading, Design of heads and closures: flat head and formed heads for vessel. Design consideration for rectors and chemical process vessels. Flange facings, Gaskets, Design of flanged joint, Flange thickness, and Blind flanges.

Unit 4
HIGH PRESSURE VESSEL: Design of thick walled high-pressure vessel, Constructional features, Materials for high-pressure vessels, Multilayer vessel with shrink fit construction, Thermal expansion for shrink fitting, stress in multishell or shrink fit construction, autofrettage, Pre-stressing. Tall vessels and their design, Stress in shell, Determinations of longitudinal stresses, Longitudinal bending stresses due to eccentric loads, Determination of resultant longitudinal stresses.

Unit 5
AGITATED VESSEL: Type of agitators, Baffling, Power requirement for agitation, Design based on torque and bending moment, Design based on critical speed, Blade design, Hub and key design, Stuffing box and gland design, Turbine agitator design,

Unit 6
SUPPORT FOR PRESSURE VESSEL: Bracket or lug support: Thickness of the base plate, Thickness of web (gusset) plate, Column support for bracket base plate for column or leg support. Skirt Support: Skirt design, Skirt bearing plate, and Anchor bolt design, Design of bolting chair. Saddle Support: Longitudinal bending moment, Stresses in shell at saddle.

Texts/References:
1) Process Equipment Design by V.V .Mahajani and S. B. Umarji. Macmillan Publisher India Ltd.
2) Process equipment design by L.E.Brownell and E.H.Young, John Wiley and Sons.
3) Introduction to process Equipment Design by B.C. Bhattacharya
4) Pressure Vessel Design Manual by Dennis Moss, Elsevier
5) Theory and Design of Pressure Vessels by John F. Harvey, P. E., CBS Publication
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Design of Hydraulic and Pneumatic Systems

MCAAD203B	Design of Hydraulic and Pneumatic Systems	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)		End Semester Exam (60 Marks)	Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents

UNIT 1
Oil Hydraulic Systems: Hydraulic power generators, Selection and specification of pumps, pump characteristics.

UNIT 2
Hydraulic Actuators: Linear and Rotary Actuators - selection, specification and characteristics.

UNIT 3
Control and Regulation Elements: Pressure, Direction and flow control valves, Relief valves, Non-return and safety valves, Actuation systems.

UNIT 4
Hydraulic Circuits: Reciprocation, quick return, Sequencing, synchronizing circuits, Accumulator circuits, Industrial circuits, Press circuits, Hydraulic milling machine, Grinding,

planning, Copying, Forklift, Earth mover circuits, Design and selection of components, Safety and emergency mandrels.

UNIT 5

Pneumatic Systems and Circuits: Pneumatic fundamentals, Control elements, Position and pressure sensing, Logic circuits, Switching circuits, Fringe conditions modules and these integration, Sequential circuits, Cascade methods, Mapping methods, Step counter method, Compound circuit design - combination circuit design.

UNIT 6

Installation, Maintenance and Special Circuits: Pneumatic equipment's, Selection of components, Design calculations, Application, Fault finding, Hydro pneumatic circuits, Use of microprocessors for sequencing, PLC, Low cost automation, Robotic circuits.

Texts/References:

1. Antony Espossito, " Fluid power with Applications ", Prentice Hall, 1980.
2. Dudleyt, A.Pease and John J.Pippenger, " Basic Fluid Power ", Prentice Hall, 1987.
3. Andrew Parr, " Hydraulic and Pneumatics ", (HB), Jaico Publishing House, 1999.
4. Bolton. W. " Pneumatic and Hydraulic Systems ", Butterworth - Heineman, 1997.
5. Web References:1. www.pneumatics.com   2.www.fluidpower.com.tw

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Semester II
Mechatronics

MCAAD203C	Mechatronics	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Define sensor, transducer and understand the applications of different sensors and transducers
CO2	Explain the signal conditioning and data representation techniques
CO3	Design pneumatic and hydraulic circuits for a given application
CO4	Write a PLC program using Ladder logic for a given application
CO5	Understand applications of microprocessor and micro controller
CO6	Analyze PI, PD and PID controllers for a given application

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Course Outcomes	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	1	3	2				2	1		1
CO2	3	2			3	3	2				1	3
CO3	1	1		3	3	2	1		3		1	3
CO4	3	3	1	1	3		1	1	1			
CO5	3			1	3	2	3					2
CO6		3	3		3	3	1	1	3			2

Course Contents:

Unit 1
Introduction to Mechatronic systems, elements, advantages and practical examples of Mechatronic systems.
Sensors and Transducers:
Various types of sensors and transducers used in Mechatronic system such as pressure sensors, temperature sensors, velocity sensors, Acceleration sensors, proximity sensors, position

sensors, force sensors, Optical encoders, Capacitive level sensor, tactile sensors, Selection of sensors.

Unit 2

Signal Conditioning and Data Representation: Types of electronic signals, need for signal processing, Operational amplifiers: Types, classification and applications, Opto-isolators, Protection devices, Analogue to Digital and Digital to Analog Converters, Interfacing devices, Electro-magnetic Relays, Data representation systems, Displays, seven segment displays, LCD displays, Printers, Data loggers, Data Acquisition Cards/Systems

Unit 3

Electrical Drives: Types of Electrical Motors, AC and DC motors, DC servomotors, Stepper motors, linear motors, etc.

Pneumatics and Hydraulics

Components of Pneumatic systems, actuators, direction control valves, pneumatic air preparation, FRL unit, methods of actuation of valves, Sequencing of Pneumatic cylinders using Cascade and shift register methods. Electro-pneumatic valves, Electro- pneumatic circuits using single and double solenoid methods. Hydraulic cylinders, design of cylinder, Design of Piston and piston rod, Valves, poppet valve, house pipes and design of tubing, Meter-in and Meter-out circuits.

Unit 4

Microprocessor and Microcontroller

8085 microprocessor, architecture, various types of registers and their functions in 8085μP, Instruction sets, interfacing, applications.8081 microcontroller, architecture, Instruction sets, various pins and their functions interfacing, applications.

Programmable Logic Controller

Introduction, Architecture, Types of inputs/outputs, Specifications, guidelines for Selection of PLCs, Programming: Ladder logic and FBD

Unit 5

Control Systems

Open and closed loop system; block diagram manipulation/reduction, Transfer function, modeling of Mechanical Systems using spring, Dashpot and Masse quivalence.

Unit 6

Stability of Systems

On/Off controller, Proportional Control, Integral control, Derivative Control; PI, PD and PID Controllers, Introduction to control using state variable system models, Bode Plots and stability criteria.

Texts / References:
5. HMT Limited, Mechatronics, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1998.

6. Bolton, W., Mechatronics; Electronic Control Systemin Mechanical Engineering, PearsonEducationAsia,1999.

7. Raven, Automatic Control Engineering, McGraw Hill, NewYork,1986

Industrial Product Design

MCAAD203D	Industrial Product Design	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

UNIT 1
Introduction: challenges of product development; successful product, development quality aspect of product design; market research; survey. Identify customer needs and Product Planning Processes. Product specifications: Process of setting specifications. concept generation, selection, testing Product Architecture: Implication of architecture, establishing the architecture, related system level design issue. Industrial design: Overview

UNIT 2.
Design for manufacturing and assembly: tolerancing, design of gauges; design for environment; robust design, prototyping; engineering materials, concurrent engineering, product costing, value engineering, aesthetic concepts; visual effects of form and colour.

UNIT 3.
Product data management Innovation and Creativity in Product Design: Case Studies.

UNIT 4

Ergonomics and Industrial Safety (EIS):
Introduction, General approach to the man-machine relationship-workstation design working position and posture, An approach to industrial design, elements of design structure for industrial design in engineering applications in manufacturing systems.
Control and Displays: configurations and sizes of various controls and displays; design of controls in automobiles, machine tools etc., design of instruments and controls.
Ergonomics and Manufacturing: ergonomics and product design; ergonomics in automated Systems; anthropomorphic data and its applications in ergonomic design; limitations of anthropomorphic data, use of computerized database.

UNIT 5.

Safety & Occupational Health and Environment: application of ergonomics in industry for safety, health and environment control. Prevention and specific safety measures for manufacturing and processing industry: safety in the use of machines, precaution for certain chemical types of industry like foundry, process industry, and chemical industry.

UNIT 6.

Environmental Safety and ISO 14000 Systems, Occupational Health, Health and Safety consideration; Personal protective Equipment.

Texts/References:
1. Product Design and Development: Karl T. Ulrich, Steven G. Eppinger; Irwin McGraw Hill
2. Product design and Manufacture: A.C. Chitale and R.C. Gupta; PHI
3. New Product Development: Tim Jones, Butterworth, Heinemann, Oxford, 1997.
4. Product Design for Manufacture and Assembly: Geoffrey Boothroyd, Peter Dewhurst and Winston Knight.
5. Product Design: Otto and Wood; Pearson education.
6. Industrial Design for Engineers: Mayall W.H, London, Hiffee books Ltd, 1988
7. Applied Ergonomics, Hand Book: Brian Shekel (Edited) Butterworth Scientific, London 1988.
8. Introduction to ergonomics – R.C. Bridger, McGraw Hill Pub.
9. Human Factor Engineering – Sanders & McCormick, McGraw Hill Publications.
10. Product Design – Kevin Otto, Kristin Wood Pierson Education

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Design Optimization

MCAAD203E	Design Optimization	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)	Total (100 Marks)	

Course Outcomes: At the end of the program the student will be able to:

CO1	Enables to acquire mathematical methods and apply in engineering disciplines.
CO2	Apply methods of optimization to solve a linear, non-linear programming problem by various methods
CO3	Optimize engineering problem of nonlinear-programming with/without constraints, by using this technique
CO4	Use of dynamic programming problem in controlling in industrial managements.
CO5	Simulate Thermal engineering system problem. Understand integer programming and stochastic programming to evaluate advanced optimization techniques.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Course Outcomes	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1						1		1		1
CO2	2	1	1					1				
CO3		2							1			
CO4	1				2	1				2		1
CO5			1	2	1	1	2		1	2		1

Course Contents:

Unit 1
Introduction: Optimal problem formulation, engineering optimization problems, optimization algorithms. Single Variable Optimization Algorithms: Optimality criteria, bracketing methods, region elimination methods, point estimation methods, gradient based methods, root finding using optimization techniques.

Unit 2
Multivariable Optimization Algorithms: Optimality criteria, unidirectional search, direct search methods, gradient based methods, Computer programs on above methods.

Unit 3
Constrained Optimization Algorithms: Kuhn-Tucker conditions, transformation methods, sensitivity analysis, direct search for constrained minimization, linearised search techniques, feasible direction method, generalized reduced gradient method, gradient projection method, Computer programs on above methods.

Unit 4

Special Optimization Algorithms: Integer programming, Geometric programming, Genetic Algorithms, Simulated annealing, global optimization, Computer programs on above methods.

Unit 5
Optimization in Operations Research: Linear programming problem, simplex method, artificial variable techniques, dual phase method, sensitivity analysis

Unit 6
Stochastic Programming: Basic concepts of probability theory, random variables Distributions – mean, variance, Correlation, co variance, joint probability distribution stochastic linear, dynamic programming.

Texts/References:
1. Deb Kalyanmoy, "Optimization in Engineering Design", PHI, New Delhi
2. Rao S. S. "Engineering Optimization", John Wiley, New Delhi.
3. Deb Kalyanmoy, "Multi-objective Algorithms using Evolutionary Algorithms", John Wiley, New Delhi.
4. Paplambros P. Y. and Wilde D. J., "Principles of Optimum Design: Modeling and Computation", Cambridge University Press, UK
5. Chandrupatla, "Optimization in Design", PHI, New Delhi.

Semester II
Instrumentation and Automatic Control

MCAAD203F	Instrumentation and Automatic Control	PCC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents

Unit 1
Introduction to measurements for scientific and engineering application need and goal. Broad category of methods for measuring field and derived quantities

Unit 2
Principles of measurement, parameter estimation, regression analysis, correlations, error estimation and data presentation, analysis of data

Unit 3
Measurement of field quantities, thermometry, heat flux measurement, measurement of force, pressure, flow rate, velocity, humidity, noise, vibration, measurement of the above by probe and non-instructive techniques

Unit 4
Measurement of derived quantities, torque, power, thermo physical properties, radiation and surface properties

Unit 5

Analytical methods and pollution monitoring, mass spectrometry, chromatography, spectroscopy

Unit 6

Basics of P, PI, PID controllers, pneumatic and hydraulic controllers, electronic controllers, applications to machine tools, furnaces, material handling etc

Texts/References

1) Doebelin E.O: Measurement Systems-Application and Design, McGraw Hill Publication Co.

2) Beckwith TG. N. Lewis Buck and Marangoni R.D: Mechanical Measurements, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi

3) Liptak B.G. Instrument Engineers' Handbook

4) Bolton W, Mechatronics-Electronics Control Systems in Mechanical and Electrical Engg.

5) Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Technique by A.D. Helfrick and W.D. Cooper

6) Johnson C.D., Process Control Instrumentation

7) J. P. Holman: Experimental Methods for Engineers, McGraw Hill International Edition, Seventh Edition

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Design of Piping System

MCAAD203G	Design of Piping System	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Pre-Requisites:

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	Understand the piping connections, fittings, piping codes, standards and piping representation
CO2	Describe different piping layouts and understand the design of different piping systems
CO3	Analyze and identify the suitable pipe installations
CO4	Calculate different stresses and reactions in given piping layout
CO5	Explain different process auxiliaries in piping systems
CO6	Design of piping in various systems such as refrigeration, steam power plant, underground piping system etc.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Program Outcomes→ Course Outcomes ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Course Contents:

Unit1
PROCESS PIPING: Scope of Piping; Code and Standards; Mechanical Design Fundamentals; Mechanical design of piping system; Wall thickness; Piping size selection; Steel and cast iron pipe; Steel and wrought iron pipe; Light wall pipe; Tubing; Pipe connection and fittings; Rail fittings; Piping elements and specialties; Pipe representation; Welded and flanged fittings; Valves.

Unit2
PIPING SYSTEM LAYOUT AND DESIGN: Piping layout; Equipment Layout; Process Piping Layout; Utility Piping Layout; Pipe flow sheets; Tube fastening and attachment; Non- ferrous tube fittings; Ducts and elbows; Pipe and tube design data; Design of steam piping; Design of oil piping; Design of cast iron pipe; Miscellaneous design and applications: Pipeline; Flexibility

expansive forces in pipelines; Expansion stresses and reaction pipelines.

Unit3
PIPE INSTALLATION: Selection of materials; Piping design; Basic principle; Piping sketches; Steam reducing and regulating valves; Selection of pipe size; Pipe hydraulics and sizing; Flow of water in pipes; Economical pipe selection; Selection of steam pipe size; Determination of steam pipe size; Development of plot plan; Flexibility analysis.

Unit4
PROCESS AUXILIARIES: Piping; Explanation of code; Methods of fabrication; Nominal pipe size; Non-metallic piping and tubing; Pipe sizing by internal diameter; Choosing the final pipe size; Process steam piping; Pressure relief system; Pressure relief devices; Design of pressure relief system; Layout by scale model method.

Unit5
MECHANICAL PIPING DESIGN: Piping drawings; Piping stress design; Internal or external fluid pressure stresses; Design of overhead piping; Design of underground piping; Erection of piping and support; Insulation; Drainage piping design; Design of natural gas pipeline.

Unit6
DESIGN OF PIPING SYSTEM FOR THE FOLLOWING APPLICATIONS: Refrigeration piping system, Cryogenic piping system, Transmission piping system, Steam power plant piping system, Underground steam-piping system, Underground petroleum piping, Submerged piping for petroleum products, Piping system sprinklers, Non-metallic piping; Selection and joining techniques; Cross Country Pipe Technology.

Texts/References:

1. J. M. Coulson, R. K. Sinnott and J. F. Richerdson,'Chemical Engineering' vol.6, Maxwell McMillan International Edition.
2. Sabin Crocker, 'Piping Handbook' Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill Publication.
3. Sahu G. K. handbook of Piping Design, New Age International, 1998

Semester I
Computational Fluid Dynamics

MCAAD203H	Computational Fluid Dynamics	PCC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

UNIT 1

Review of Governing Equations Fluid Flo w and Heat Transfer Conservation of Mass, Newton's Second Law of Motion, Expanded Forms of Navier stokes equations, Conservation of Energy Principle, Special Forms of the Navier Stokes Equations, Classification of Second order Partial Differential Equation s, Initial and Boundary Conditions, Governing Equations in Generalized Coordinates.

UNIT 2

Finite Difference, Discretizatison, Consistency, Stability and Fundamental of Fluid Flow Modeling. Elementary Finite Difference Quotients, Basic Aspects of Finite Difference Equations, Errors and Stability Analysis, Some Nontrivial Problems with Discretized Equations, Applications to Heat Conduction and Convection.

UNIT 3

Solution of Viscous Incompressible Flows by Stream Function –Vorticity Formulation Two-Dimensional Incompressible Viscous Flow, Incorporation of Upwind Scheme, Estimation of Discretization Error, Application to Curvilinear Geometries, Derivation of Surface Pressure and Drag.

UNIT 4

Solution of Navier -Stokes Equations for Incompressible Flows Using MACand SIMPLE Algorithms Staggered Grid, Solution of the Unsteady Navier -Stokes Equations, Solutions of Energy Equation, Formulation of the Flow Problems, SIMPLE Algorithm.

UNIT 5

Introduction to FVM: Integral Approach, discretization & Higher order scheme

Texts/References:

1. Anderson D.A., Tannehill J.C., Pletcher R.H., Computational Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer, Hemisphere Publishing Corporation, New York, U.S.A. 1984.
2. Murlidhar K. Sunderarajan T., Computational Fluid Flow and Heat Transfer, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2003
3. Anderson J.D., Jr., Computational Fluid Dynamics McGraw Hill, Inc New York, 1996
4. Ankar S.V., "Numerical Heat Transfer and Flow" Hemisphere Publ., Corporation, 1985
5. Anderson J.D., Jr., Computational Fluid Dynamics" McGraw Hill, Inc New York, 1995
6. Anderson D.A., Tannehill J.C. Pletcher R.H., "Computational Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer" Hemisphere Publ. Corp. N.Y. 1984.
7. Sturt P.A., "Introduction to Numerical Methods", The Macmillan Company, London, 1985
8. Pratap R., "Getting Started with MATLAB", Sounders College Publ. 1995.
9. H.K.Versteag and W.Malalsekara, "An Introduction to Computational Fluid Dynamics", Longman, 1995
10. Carnahan B., "Applied Numerical Methods", John Wiley & Sons 1969.ME (CAAD) Syllabus NMU Jalgaon w.e..f (2011-12) Page 25
11. Lewis R.W., "Numerical Methods in Thermal Problem", VolVi Part -II, Pine Ridge Press Ltd., 1989.
12. Jain M.k., "Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering", 3 rdEdi., New Edge International, 1995.
13. Mathews J.H. "Numerical Methods for Mathematics, Science & Engineering," 2 nd Ed. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1994.

Semester-II
Vehicle Dynamics

MCAAD203I	Vehicle Dynamics	PEC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Pre-Requisites:

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	
CO6	

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Program Outcomes→ Course Outcomes ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Course Contents:

Unit 1
INTRODUCTION TO VEHICLE DYNAMICS

Unit 2
LONGITUDINAL DYNAMICS: Vehicle Load Distribution – Acceleration and Braking - Brake Force Distribution, Braking Efficiency and Braking Distance - Longitudinal dynamics of a Tractor-Semi Trailer

Unit3
TIRE MECHANICS – AN INTRODUCTION: Mechanical Properties of Rubber - Slip, Grip and Rolling Resistance – Tire Construction and Force Development- Contact Patch and Contact Pressure Distribution

Unit 4
A SIMPLE TIRE MODEL: Lateral Force Generation - Ply Steer and Conicity - Tire Models – Magic Formula Classification of Tire Models and Combined Slip

Unit 5
LATERAL DYNAMICS: Bicycle Model - Stability and Steering Conditions - Understeer Gradient and State Space Approach – Handling Response of a Vehicle - Mimuro Plot for Lateral Transient Response - Parameters affecting vehicle handling characteristics

Unit 6
VERTICAL DYNAMICS: Rollover Prevention - Half Car Model - Quarter Car Model

Texts/References:

1. Pacejka, Hans. Tire and vehicle dynamics. Elsevier, 2005.
2. Wong, Jo Yung. Theory of ground vehicles. John Wiley & Sons, 2001.
3. Moore, Desmond F. "The friction of pneumatic tyres." (1975).
4. Jazar, Reza N. Vehicle dynamics: theory and application. Springer, 2008
5. Gillespie, Thomas D. Fundamentals of vehicle dynamics, 1992

Semester-II
Design of Experiments

MCAAD203J	Design of Experiments	OE	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Pre-Requisites: None

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Define Taguchi, factorial experiments, variability, orthogonal array, quality loss.
CO2	Plan and design the experimental investigations efficiently and effectively.
CO3	Understand strategy in planning and conducting experiments.
CO4	Evaluate variability in the experimental data using ANOVA.
CO5	Practice statistical software to achieve robust design of experiments.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Program Outcomes→ / Course Outcomes ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1
CO2	3	2	1	3	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1
CO3	3	2	1	3	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1
CO4	3	3	1	3	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1
CO5	2	3	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	1	1

Course Contents:

Unit 1

Introduction: Modern quality control, quality in engineering design, history of quality engineering.
The Taguchi Approach to quality: Definition of quality, loss function, off-line and on-line quality control, Taguchi`s quality philosophy.

Unit 2

Full Factorial Designs: Experimentation as learning process, traditional scientific experiments, three factor design, replicating experiments, factor interactions, normal plots of estimated effects, mechanical plating experiments, two factor design, four factor design, Taguchi design and western design.

Unit 3

Fractional Factorial Design: Fractional factorial design based on eight run experiments, folding over an eight run experimental design, Fractional factorial design in sixteen run, folding over an sixteen run experimental design, blocking two level designs, other two level designs.

Unit 4

Evaluating Variability: Necessity to analyze variability, measures of variability, the normal distribution, using two level designs to minimize variability, signal-to-noise ratio, minimizing variability and optimizing averages.
Taguchi Inner and Arrays: Noise factors, experimental designs for control and noise factors, examples.

Unit 5

Experimental Design for Factors at Three and Four level: Necessity to use more than two level, factors at four levels, factors at three levels. Analysis of Variance in Engineering Design: Hypothesis testing concepts, using estimated effects as test statistics, analysis of variance for two level designs, when to use analysis of variance.

Unit 6

Computer Software for Experimental Design: Role of computer software in experimental design, summery of statistical packages, example of use of software packages. Using Experiments to improve Processes: Engineering design and quality improvement, steps to implementing use of engineering design.

Texts/References:

1. D.C. Montgomery, Design and Analysis of Experiments, 5th Edition, John Wiley and Sons, NewYork, 2004.
2. R.H. Lochner and J.E. Matar, Designing for Quality: An Introduction to the Best of Taguchi and Western Methods of Statistical Experimental Design, Chapman and Hall, London, 1983.

Elective V
Soft Computing Techniques

MCAAD204A	Soft Computing Techniques	OE	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,　　2- Means medium contribution,　　3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

Unit 1
INTRODUCTION
Soft Computing: Introduction of soft computing, Evolutionary Algorithms vs. Convectional optimization techniques, various types of soft computing techniques, applications of soft computing.

Artificial Intelligence: Introduction, Various types of production systems, characteristics of production systems, breadth first search, depth first search techniques, other Search Techniques like hill Climbing, Best first Search, A* algorithm, AO* Algorithms and various types of control strategies. Knowledge representation issues, Prepositional and predicate logic, monotonic and non-monotonic reasoning, forward Reasoning, backward reasoning.

Unit 2
OPTIMIZATION CONCEPTS

Objective functions, constraints, Search space, local optima, global optima, fitness functions, search techniques, etc.

Unit 3
NEURAL NETWORKS
Artificial neural network: Introduction, characteristics- learning methods – taxonomy – Evolution of neural networks- basic models – important technologies – applications.
McCulloch-Pitts neuron – linear separability – hebb network – supervised learning network: perceptron networks – adaptive linear neuron, multiple adaptive linear neuron, BPN, RBF, TDNN- associative memory network: auto-associative memory network, hetero-associative memory network, BAM, hopfield networks, iterative autoassociative memory network & iterative associative memory network – unsupervised learning networks: Kohonenself organizing feature maps, LVQ – CP networks, ART network.

Unit 4
FUZZY LOGIC
Fuzzy logic: Introduction – crisp sets- fuzzy sets – crisp relations and fuzzy relations: cartesian product of relation – classical relation, fuzzy relations, tolerance and equivalence relations, non-iterative fuzzy sets.
Membership functions: features, fuzzification, methods of membership value assignments-Defuzzification: lambda cuts – methods – fuzzy arithmetic and fuzzy measures: fuzzy arithmetic – extension principle – fuzzy measures – measures of fuzziness -fuzzy integrals – fuzzy rule base and approximate reasoning : truth values and tables, fuzzy propositions, formation of rules-decomposition of rules, aggregation of fuzzy rules, fuzzy reasoning-fuzzy inference systems-overview of fuzzy expert system-fuzzy decision making.

Unit 5
GENETIC ALGORITHM
Genetic algorithm- Introduction – biological background – traditional optimization and search techniques – Genetic basic concepts.
Genetic algorithm and search space – general genetic algorithm – operators – Generational cycle – stopping condition – constraints – classification genetic programming – multilevel optimization – real life problem- advances in GA.

Unit 6
HYBRID SOFT COMPUTING TECHNIQUES & APPLICATIONS
Neuro-fuzzy hybrid systems – genetic neuro hybrid systems – genetic fuzzy hybrid and fuzzy genetic hybrid systems – simplified fuzzy ARTMAP – Applications: A fusion approach of multispectral images with SAR, optimization of traveling salesman problem using genetic algorithm approach, soft computing based hybrid fuzzy controllers.

Texts/References
1. J. S. R. Jang, C.T. Sun and E. Mizutani, "Neuro-Fuzzy and Soft Computing", PHI /Pearson Education 2004.

2. S. N. Sivanandam and S. N. Deepa, "Principles of Soft Computing", Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2011.

3. S. Rajasekaran and G. A. VijayalakshmiPai, "Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithm: Synthesis & Applications", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 2006.

4. George J. Klir, Ute St. Clair, Bo Yuan, "Fuzzy Set Theory: Foundations and Applications" Prentice Hall, 1997.

5. David E. Goldberg, "Genetic Algorithm in Search Optimization and Machine Learning" Pearson Education India, 2013.

6. James A. Freeman, David M. Skapura, "Neural Networks Algorithms, Applications, and Programming Techniques, Pearson Education India, 1991.

7. Simon Haykin, "Neural Networks Comprehensive Foundation" Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.

Semester II
Artificial Intelligence

MCAAD204B	Artificial Intelligence	PCC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

UNIT 1
Concept of A.I.: Approaches, Foundations of A.I., Underlying assumptions. Problem Formulation: Problem solving agents, Components of problem definition, defining the problem as state space approach, Problem characteristics, Production System, searching for solutions, Forward and backward reasoning, means end analysis, Graphs and trees, measuring problem solving performance

UNIT 2
Search Strategies: a) Uninformed (blind) search- breadth first, depth first, and their variations, avoiding repeated states; b) Informed (heuristic) search- heuristic function, Generate and test, best first search, A* search, Local search algorithms- Hill climbing, Simulated annealing, Branch and bound and Local beam search,

UNIT 3
Knowledge Representation: Simple rational knowledge, Inheritable knowledge, Inferential knowledge, Procedural knowledge, the Frame problem, Propositional logic- Syntax and

semantics, well-formed formulas (WFF), conversion to clausal form, using FOPL, inference rules, unification, non-deductive inference methods, resolution, forward and backward chaining, the knowledge engineering process, Handling uncertain knowledge, probability propositions, atomic events, unconditional (prior) and conditional (posterior), priority Bayes' rule and its use, Bayesian network, its semantics and inference.

UNIT 4

Learning: Forms of learning, inductive learning, decision tree learning, ensemble learning, Pattern recognition- Introduction, recognition, and classification process, learning F

Knowledge based systems: Expert systems, components, characteristic features of expert systems, rule based system architecture, representing and using domain knowledge, expert system shell, explaining the reasoning and knowledge acquisition, applications.

UNIT 5

A.I. in Robotics: State space search, path selection, AND-OR graphs, means end analysis in a robotic problem, robot problem solving as a production system, robot learning and task planning, symbolic spatial relationship, obstacle avoidance, graph planning.

UNIT 6

Machine Vision: Functions, imaging devices, lighting, A-D conversion, quantization, encoding image storage, image data reduction, segmentation techniques, feature extraction, object recognition, training the vision system, applications.

Texts/Reference:
1. Stuart Russel, Peter Norwig (2003), "Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach" 2/e, (Pearson Education)
2. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, (1991), "Artificial Intelligence" 2/e, (Tata McGraw Hill)
3. Dan W. Patterson (1999), "Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems" (7th Indian Reprint) (EEE) (Prentice Hall of India)
4. Rex Mauss, Jessica Keyes, "Handbook of Expert Systems in Manufacturing", (McGraw Hill) 5. Groover, Weiss, Nagel, Audrey, "Industrial Robotics- Technology, Programming and Applications"", (McGraw Hill)
6. Fu, Gonzalea and Lee, "Robotics: Control, Sensing, Vision and Intelligence", (McGraw Hill) 7. Conference Proceedings and current journals for case studies and applications.

Semester II
Research Methodology

MCAAD204C	Research Methodology	PCC	3-0-0	3 Credits
Class Test (20 Marks)	Continuous Assessment (20 Marks)	End Semester Exam (60 Marks)		Total (100 Marks)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	
CO4	
CO5	

PO's → CO's ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

Unit 1
Research Concepts – concepts – meaning – objectives – motivation. Types of research – descriptive research – conceptual research – theoretical research – applied research – experimental research.

Unit 2
Research process – Criteria for good research – Problems encountered by Indian researchers. Formulation of Research Task – Literature Review – Importance & Methods – Sources – Quantification of Cause Effect Relations – Discussions– Field Study – Critical Analysis of

70

Facts Generated

Unit 3

Hypothetical proposals for future development and testing, selection of Research task.

Unit 4

Mathematical modelling and simulation – Concepts of modelling – Classification of mathematical models – Modelling with – Ordinary differential equations – Difference equations – Partial differential equations – Graphs – Simulation – Process of formulation of model based on simulation.

Unit 5

Interpretation and report writing – Techniques of interpretation – Precautions in interpretation – Significance of report writing – Different steps in report writing – Layout of research report – Mechanics of writing research report – Layout and format – Style of writing – Typing – References – Tables – Figures – Conclusion – Appendices.

Texts/References

1. J.W Bames, Statistical Analysis for Engineers and Scientists, McGraw Hill, N.York
2. Schank Fr., Theories of Engineering Experiments, Tata McGraw Hill Publication.
3. C. R. Kothari, Research Methodology, New Age Publishers.
4. Willktnsion K. L, Bhandarkar P. L, Formulation of Hypothesis, Himalaya Publication.

Project Management and Intellectual Property Rights

MCAAD301	Project Management and Intellectual Property Rights	PCC	0-0-4	2 Credits
Exam Scheme				
Class Test -- Marks	Continuous Assessment 50 Marks	PR/OR 50 Marks		Total 100 Marks

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to

CO1	Enumerate and demonstrate fundamental terms such as copy-rights, Patents, Trademarks etc.,
CO2	Interpret and follow Laws of copy-rights, Patents, Trademarks and various IP registration Processes to register own project research
CO3	exhibit the enhance capability to do economic analysis of IP rights, technology and innovation related policy issues and firms' commercial strategies
CO4	Develop awareness at all levels (research and innovation) of society to develop patentable technologies
CO5	Apply trade mark law, copy right law, patent law and also carry out intellectual property audits
CO6	Manage and safeguard the intellectual property and protect it against unauthorized use

Mapping of COs with POs:

PO's → CO's↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1					1		1			
CO2	1		2				1		2			2
CO3						1		1				
CO4						1			1			
CO5			1						1			1
CO6												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents

Project Management:
Unit-1
Introduction to Project management**:** Characteristics of projects, Definition and objectives of Project Management, Stages of Project Management, Project Planning Process, Establishing Project organization. Work definition: Defining work content, Time Estimation Method, Project Cost Estimation and budgeting, Project Risk Management, Project scheduling and Planning Tools: Work Breakdown structure, LRC, Gantt charts, CPM/PERT Networks.

Unit-2
Developing Project Plan (Baseline), Project cash flow analysis, Project scheduling with resource constraints: Resource Leveling and Resource Allocation. Time Cost Trade off: Crashing Heuristic.

Unit-3

Project Implementation: Project Monitoring and Control with PERT/Cost, Computers applications in Project Management, Contract Management, Project Procurement Management. Post-Project Analysis.

B. IPR:

Unit-4

Introduction to IPR; Overview & Importance; IPR in India and IPR abroad; Patents; their definition; granting; infringement; searching & filing; Utility Models an introduction;

Unit-5

Copyrights; their definition; granting; infringement; searching & filing, distinction between related and copy rights; Trademarks, role in commerce, importance, protection, registration; domain names;

Unit-6

Industrial Designs; Design Patents; scope; protection; filing infringement; difference between Designs & Patents' Geographical indications, international protection; Plant varieties; breeder's rights, protection; biotechnology& research and rights managements; licensing, commercialization; ; legal issues, enforcement ;Case studies in IPR.

Texts/References:
1. Shtub, Bardand Globerson, Project Management: Engineering, Technology, and Implementation, Prentice Hall, India
2. Lock, Gower, Project Management Handbook.
3. Prabuddha Ganguli, IPR published by Tata McGraw Hill 2001.

Project Stage-I

MCAAD302	Project Stage-I	PCC	0-0-20	10 Credits
Exam Scheme				
Class Test -- Marks	Continuous Assessment -- 50 Marks	PR/OR 50 Marks		Total 100 Marks

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	Identify problems and to plan methodologies to solve problems.
CO2	Carry out exhaustive literature review, study &evaluate collected literature critically and identify the gaps based on the review.
CO3	Select the specific problem for the study as a project
CO4	Demonstrate technical writing while preparing project report and present it to evaluation committee to demonstrate presentation skills acquired.

PO's → CO's↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												
CO5												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents:

Project (stage-I) should be based on the area in which the candidate has undertaken the dissertation work as per the common instructions for all branches of M. Tech. The examination shall consist of the preparation of report consisting of a detailed problem statement and a literature review. The preliminary results (if available) of the problem may also be discussed in the report. The work has to be presented in front of the examiners panel set by Head and PG coordinator. The candidate has to be in regular contact with his guide and the topic of dissertation must be mutually decided by the guide and student.

Semester IV
Project Stage-II

MCAAD401	Project Stage-II	PCC	0-0-40	20 Credits
Exam Scheme				
Class Test -- Marks	Continuous Assessment -- 100 Marks	PR/OR -- 100Marks		Total 200 Marks

Course Outcomes:
At the end of the course, student should be able to:

CO1	Solve identified technical problem using acquired knowledge and skill.
CO2	Use latest equipment, instruments, software tools, infrastructure and learning resources available to solve the identified project problem. Procure resources, if required
CO3	Interpret theoretical/experimental findings using available tools
CO4	Compare the results obtained with results of similar studies
CO5	Draw conclusions based on the results

Mapping of COs with POs:

PO's → CO's↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2												
CO3												
CO4												

Note: 1- Means least contribution,   2- Means medium contribution,   3- Maximum contribution

Course Contents

Project stage-II should be based on the area in which the candidate has undertaken the dissertation work as per the common instructions for all branches of M. Tech. The examination shall consist of the preparation of report consisting of a detailed problem statement and a literature review. The preliminary results (if available) of the problem may also be discussed in the report. The work has to be presented in front of the examiners panel set by Head and Faculty Advisor. The candidate has to be in regular contact with his guide and the topic of dissertation must be mutually decided by the guide and student.