Sr.	Course	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
No.	Code					
1	CH 701	Process Dynamics and Control	3	1	-	4
2	CH 702	Process Economics and Project Management	3	-	-	3
3	CH 703	Transport Phenomena	3	1	-	4
4	CH 704	Process Equipment Design and Drawing	3	-	2	4
5	CH 705	Elective - VII	3	-	-	3
6	CH 706	Elective - VIII	3	-	-	3
8	CH 707	Process Instrumentation and Control Lab.	-	-	2	1
9	CH 708	Process Design, Flow Sheeting & Simulation	-	1	2	2
10	PC 709	Petrochemthical Synthesis Laboratory	-	-	2	1
9	CH 710	Project Work Stage - I	-	-	6	3
10	CH 610	Industrial Training (Evaluation)	-	-	-	1
	& CH 711					
		Tota	18	3	14	29

Final Year B. Tech I – Semester (7th Semester)

Final Year B. Tech II - Semester (8th Semester)

Sr.	Course	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits
No.	Code					
1	CH 801	Elective - IX*	3	-	-	3
2	CH 802	Elective - X*	3	-	-	3
3	CH 803	Elective – XI*	3	-	-	3
4	CH 804	Elective - XII*	3	-	-	3
5	CH 805	Project Work – Stage II*	-	-	12	6
		Total	12	00	12	18

*- Or only Industrial Sponsored Project with a MoU between University and corresponding Industry

Electives :

Elective VII :

- 1. Advanced Petroleum Refining
- 2. Non-Newtonian Flow and Rheology
- 3. Scale up Methods

Elective VIII :

- 1. Newer Separation Processes
- 2. Pollution Control in Process Industries

3. Advanced Materials

Elective IX :

1. Biochemical Engineering

2. Petrochemical Processes -II

3. Introduction to Polymer Science & Engineering

Elective X :

1. Disaster Management in Chemical Industries

2. Downstream Processing in Biochemical Industry

3. Membrane Technology

Elective XI :

1.Mathematical Methods in Chemical Engineering

2. Process Design Principles

3. Fertilizer Technology

Elective XII :

1. Management Information System

2. Entrepreneurship Development

3. Corporate Communication

Semester VII : Core Courses

1. CH 701 Process Dynamics and Control

Pre-requisites: MA201 Mathematics-III, CH254 Process Instrumentation, CH351 Mass Transfer- II, CH352 Chemical Reaction Engineering – II.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the dynamic behaviour of different processes
CO2	Analyze different components of a control loop
CO3	Analyze stability of feedback control system
CO4	Design controllers for first and second order processes
CO5	Analyze frequency response for controllers and processes

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	\checkmark	~	\checkmark	\checkmark			-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	✓	✓	✓	✓			-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	✓	✓	✓	✓			-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	✓	✓	✓	✓								

Detailed Syllabus:

Unit I : Introduction : Block diagrams, closed loop and open loop control systems, Basic control actions.

Open loop response of simple systems: Dynamics of first order systems using transfer functions; various first order response such as, a thermometer bulb. General response to step, ramp, impulse, and sinusoidal inputs; Concentration and temperature responses of a stirred tank;

Unit II :Linearization of liquid level systems; Response of a pressure system, second order systems, the manometer; Response of interacting and non interacting systems.

Unit III :Transient response of control systems: Servo and regulated operation, General equations for the transient response, proportional control of a signal capacity process; Integral control, Proportional-integral control and derivative action.

Unit IV : Stability: Concept of stability, Stability criterion, Routh test for stability.

Root locus analysis: Concept of root locus, Locus diagram.

Unit V : Frequency response analysis: First order systems, Bode diagram, and Complex numbers to get frequency response.

Unit VI: Controller selection and tuning, Control valve characteristics and sizing, cascade control, feed forward control. Introduction of digital control principles.

Text Book /Reference Book:

- 1. D. R. Coughanowr, Process system analysis and control, 2nd Ed, McGraw Hill, 1991.
- 2. P. Harriott, Process Control, Reprint of text, Ed. Tata McGraw Hill, 1983.
- 3. G. Stephanopoulos, Chemical Process Control: An introduction to theory and practice, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1984.

CH 702 : Process Economics and Project Management

Pre-requisites: CH351 Mass Transfer-II, CH352 Chemical Reaction Engineering-II

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Analyze alternative processes and equipment for manufacturing a product.
CO2	Design plant layout and engineering flow diagrams.
CO3	Perform economic analysis related to process design.
CO4	Evaluate project profitability

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓	✓										
CO2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓		✓	
CO3			✓	✓	✓			✓	✓			
CO4			\checkmark	✓	✓			✓				

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I :Capital cost estimation in chemical industries, different methods of calculation of fixed costs. Capital Investment and working Capital.

Unit II :Time value of money, types of interest, investment costs, annuities, perpetuity and capitalized costs, discounted cash flow analysis

Unit III : Taxes and insurance, depreciation, amortization and obsolescence in chemical industries, types of depreciation methods, breakeven point analysis

Unit IV : Discussion on projects , causes for time and cost overruns, project evaluation and assessment of project profitability, organization of project engineering.

Unit V : Optimum process design with examples, project development and commercialization, plant location and layout, selection of plant capacity.

Unit VI : Project engineering management, project scheduling and its importance, use of CPM/PERT techniques.

Texts / References:

- 1. M. S. Peters and K. D. Timmerhaus, "Plant Design Economics for Chemical Engineers", 5th Ed., McGraw-Hill, New York 2003.
- 2. V. W. Uhl and A. W. Hawkins, "Technical Economics for Chemical Engineers", AIChE 1971.
- 3. J. Modes and Philips, "Project Engineering with CPM and PERT", Rein Hold.
- 4. Choudhary, "Project Management"
- 5. Jelen, "Cost and Optimization Engineering"

3. CH 703 : Transport Phenomena

Pre-requisites: MA251 Mathematics-IV, CH304 Mass transfer-I.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the analogy among momentum, heat and mass transport.
CO2	Formulate a mathematical representation of a flow/heat/mass transfer phenomena.
CO3	Solve flow/heat/mass transfer problems either individually or coupled for simple geometries analytically.
CO4	Identify the similarities among the correlations for flow, heat and mass transfer at interfaces.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓	✓	√	√		√	√					
CO2	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓						
CO3	✓		\checkmark	✓		✓						
CO4	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark						

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I : Viscosity and mechanism of momentum transport : Newton's Law of Viscosity; Non-Newtonian fluids ; The Bingham model; The power law model; The Elli's model and the Reiner Philippoff model; Temperature and pressure dependents of viscosity.

Velocity distributions in laminar flow : Shell momentum balances; Boundary conditions ; Flow of a falling film; flow through a circular tube; flow through annulus.

Unit II : Equation of change for isothermal systems: Equations of continuity and motion in Cartesian and curvilinear co-ordinates; Use of the equations of change to set-up steady flow problems. Tangential annular flow of Newtonian fluid; Shape of surface of a rotating liquid.

Velocity distributions with more than one independent variable: Unsteady viscous flow ; Flow near a wall suddenly set in motion.

Unit III : Interphase transport in isothermal systems: Definition of fraction factors; Friction factors for flow in tubes; for around spheres.

Thermal conductivity and mechanism of energy transport: Fourier's law of heat conduction; temperature and pressure dependence of thermal conductivity in gases and liquids.

Temperature distributions in solids and in laminar flow: Shell energy balances; Boundary conditions; Heat conduction with an electrical heat source; with a viscous heat source.

Unit IV: Equations of change for non-isothermal systems: Use of equations of energy and equations of motion (for forced and free convection) in non-isothermal flow; Tangential flow in an annulus with viscous heat generation; steady flow of a non-isothermal film; Transpiration cooling.

Temperature distributions with more than one independent variable: Unsteady heat conduction in solids; Heating of a semi-infinite slab.

Unit V: Interphase transport in non-isothermal systems: Definition of heat transfer coefficient; Heat transfer coefficients for forced convection in tubes; for forced convection around submerged objects.

Diffusivity and the mechanism of mass transport: definition of concentrations; Velocity and mass fluxes; Fick's law of diffusion; Temperature and pressure dependence of mass diffusivity.

Unit VI : Concentration distribution in solids and in laminar flow: Shell mass balances; Boundary conditions; Diffusion through a stagnant gas film; Diffusion with heterogeneous chemical reaction.

Equation of change for multicomponent systems: Equations of continuity for a binary mixture.

Interphase transport in multicomponent systems: Definition of binary mass transfer coefficients in one phase. Correlations of binary mass transfer coefficient in one phase at low mass transfer rates.

Text Book:

1. Bird R.B., Stewart W.E. and Light Foot E.N. Transport Phenomena – John Wiley International 2ndEdition, New York, (2002).

Reference Books:

1. Christie J. Geankoplis – Transport Processes and Unit Operations – Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1997.

4. CH 704 : Process Equipment Design and Drawing

Pre-requisites: ME102 Engineering Graphics, CH301 Chemical Reaction Engineering-I, CH304 Mass Transfer-I, CH203 Mechanical Operations, CH251 Chemical Technology.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Identify equipment and instruments based on symbols
CO2	Draw process flow diagrams using symbols
CO3	Apply mechanical design aspects to process equipment
CO4	Design heat exchangers, evaporators, absorbers, distillation columns, reactors and
	filters

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		✓			~						~	✓
CO2		✓			✓							
CO3	✓		~	~	~	~						
CO4	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I : Mechanical Design of Process Equipment: Introduction to mechanical aspects of chemical equipment design, Design Preliminaries, Design of cylindrical and spherical vessels under internal pressure, Design of heads and closers, Design of tall vessels.

Unit II : Drawing of process equipment symbols for fluid handling, heat transfer, mass transfer, Drawing of process equipment symbols for vessels, conveyers and feeders etc.

Unit III : Drawing of process equipment symbols for, separators, mixing & comminution etc. Drawing of process equipment symbols for distillation, driers, evaporators, scrubbers etc. **Unit IV :**Drawing of process equipment symbols for crystallizer, grinding, jigging, elutriation, magnetic separation, compressor etc.

Unit V :Drawing of basic instrumentation symbols for flow, temperature, level, pressure and combined instruments, Drawing of miscellaneous instrumentation symbols, Detailed drawing of equipment, Drawing of flow sheet.

Unit VI : Design of a heat exchanger, Design of an absorber, Design of a distillation column, Design of evaporator, Design of condenser, Design of a chemical reactor.

Text Book/Reference Book:

1. Brownell L.E, Process Equipment Design - Vessel Design, Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1986.

2.Bhattacharya B.C., Introduction to Chemical Equipment Design - Mechanical Aspects, CBS Publishers and Distributors, 2003.

3.Towler, G. P. and R. K. Sinnott, Chemical Engineering Design, Principles, Practice and Economics of Plant and Process Design, 2nd Edition, Butterworth Heinemann, 2012.4.Donald Kern, Process Heat Transfer, 1st Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 1950

Robert E. Treybal, Mass-Transfer Operations, 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1981.

Semester VII: Elective Courses

PC 705: Elective – VII

A. Advanced Petroleum Refining

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand different refinery processes
CO2	Understand secondary gasoline manufacturing processes
CO3	Evaluate and compare different processes
CO4	Understand synthesis and working of zeolite

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	~	✓				✓						
CO2	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark			✓						
CO3	✓	✓				✓						
CO4	✓	✓	✓			✓						

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I :Coking and thermal processes- Types, properties and uses of petroleum coke, process description for delayed coking and fluid bed coking, case study problem.

Unit II:Catalytic Cracking– Fludized bed catalytic cracking, New design of FCC units, cracking reactions, Coking of cracking catalyst, process variables, heat recovery, yield estimation, capital and operating cost, case study problem on catalytic cracker.

Unit III : **Catalytic Hydrocracking**- Hydrocracking reactions, feed preparation, process description, hydrocracking catalyst, process variables, hydrocrcking yield, investment and operating cost, case study problem on hydrocracker.

Unit IV: Hydroprocessing and resid processing- Composition of vacuum tower bottoms, process options, hydroprocessing, expanded bed hydrocracking processes, moving bed hydroprocessors, solvent extraction, summary of resid processing operations.

Hydrotreating- Hydrotreating catalyst, aromatic reduction, reactions, process variables, construction and operating cost, case study problem on hydrotreator.

Unit V: Catalytic reforming and isomerization- Feed preparation, catalytic reforming processes, reforming catalysts, reactor design, yields and costs.

Isomerization – Capital and operating costs, isomerization yield, case study problem on Reformer and isomerization unit.

Unit VI: Alkylation and polymerization– Alkylation reactions, process variables, alkylation feed stocks, alkylation products, HF and sulfuric acid alkylation process, comparison between the processes, alkylation yields and costs, co-polymerization , case study problem on alkylation and polymerization

Reference Book:

1. J. H. Gary, "Petroleum Refining - Technology and Economics" 3rd Ed., Marcel Dekkar Inc, 1994

2. G. D. Hobson, "Modern Petroleum Technology" Vol. I & II, 5th Ed., Applied Science, London

B. Non Newtonian Flow and Rheology

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Identify the types of non-Newtonian fluids.
CO2	Understand the macroscopic behavior of the complex fluids.
CO3	Analyze the flow of non-Newtonian fluids through circular and non-circular cross
CO4	Develop heat and mass transfer characteristics of non-Newtonian fluids.
CO5	Develop models of non-Newtonian fluid flow

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark							
CO2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							
CO3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							
CO4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							
CO5	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	✓	✓							

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I:Non-Newtonian fluid behaviour - Introduction, Classification of fluid behaviour, Time-independent fluid behaviour, Time-dependent fluid behaviour, Visco-elastic fluid behaviour, Dimensional considerations for visco-elastic fluids.

Unit II :Rheometry for non-Newtonian fluids - Introduction, Capillary viscometers, Rotational viscometers, The controlled stress Rheometer, Yield stress measurements, Normal stress measurements, Oscillatory shear measurements, High frequency techniques, The relaxation time spectrum, Extensional flow measurements.

Unit III :Flow in pipes and in conduits of non-circular cross-sections - Introduction, Laminar flow in circular tubes, Criteria for transition from laminar to turbulent flow, Friction factors for transitional and turbulent conditions, Laminar flow between two infinite parallel plates, Laminar flow in a concentric annulus, Laminar flow of inelastic fluids in non-circular ducts

Flow of multi-phase mixtures in pipes - Introduction, Two-phase gas-non-Newtonian liquid flow, Two-phase liquid-solid flow (hydraulic transport).

Unit IV :Particulate systems - Introduction, Drag force on a sphere, Effect of particle shape on terminal falling velocity and drag force, Motion of bubbles and drops, Flow of a liquid through beds of particles, Flow through packed beds of particles (porous media), Liquid-solid fluidization.

Unit V :Heat transfer characteristics of non-Newtonian fluids in pipes - Introduction, Thermophysical properties, Laminar flow in circular tubes, Fully-developed heat transfer to power-law fluids in laminar flow, Isothermal tube wall, Constant heat flux at tube wall, Effect of temperature-dependent physical properties on heat transfer.

Unit VI :Momentum transfer in boundary layers - Introduction, Integral momentum equation, Laminar boundary layer flow of power-law liquids over a plate, Laminar boundary layer flow of Bingham plastic fluids over a plate, Transition criterion and turbulent boundary layer flow, Heat transfer in boundary layers, Mass transfer in laminar boundary layer flow of power-law fluids, Boundary layers for visco-elastic fluids.

Liquid mixing - Introduction, Liquid mixing, Gas-liquid mixing, Heat transfer, Mixing equipment and its selection, Mixing in continuous systems.

Text Book / Reference Book:

1. Chhabra R.P., J.F. Richardson, Non-Newtonian Flow and Applied Rheology: Engineering Applications, 2nd Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2008.

2. Christopher W. Macosko, RHEOLOGY: Principles, Measurements and Applications, WILEY-VCH, 1994.

3. Alexander Ya. Malkin, Rheology Fundamentals, ChemTech Publishing, 1994.

C. Scale up Methods

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand scale up in chemical engineering plants.
CO2	Apply dimensional analysis technique for scale up problems
CO3	Scale up of chemical reactors.
CO4	Scale up mixers and heat exchangers, distillation columns and packed towers.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	~	✓	✓	✓								
CO2	✓	✓	✓	✓								
CO3	✓	\checkmark	✓	✓								
CO4	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark								

Detailed Syllabus

Unit I : Principals of Similarity, Pilot Plants & Models: Introduction to scale-up methods, pilot plants, models and principles of similarity, Industrial applications.

Unit II :Dimensional Analysis and Scale-Up Criterion: Dimensional analysis, regime concept, similarity criterion and scale up methods used in chemical engineering, **Unit III** : Experimental techniques for scale-up.

Unit IV :Scale-Up of Mixing and Heat Transfer Equipment: Typical problems in scale up of mixing equipment and heat transfer equipment.

Unit V :Scale-Up of Chemical Reactors: Kinetics, reactor development & scale-up techniques for chemical reactors.

Unit VI :Scale-Up of Distillation Column & Packed Towers: Scale-up of distillation columns and packed towers for continuous and batch processes.

Text Book/Reference Book:

1. Johnstone and Thring, Pilot Plants Models and Scale-up methods in Chemical Engg., McGraw Hill, New York, 1962.

2. W. Hoyle, Pilot Plants and Scale-Up, Royal Society of Chemistry, 1st Edition, 1999.

3. Marko Zlokarnik, Dimensional Analysis and Scale-up in Chemical Engineering, Springer Verlag, Berlin, Germany, 1991.

4. E. Bruce Nauman, Chemical Reactor Design, Optimization and Scale-up, McGraw Hill, New York, 2002.

PC 706: Elective – VIII

A. Newer Separation Processes

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand and analyze Supercritical extraction process
CO2	Design of membrane processes
CO3	Understand types of surfactant and their application
CO4	Study and analyze different surfactant based separation processes

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12												
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12

CO1	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark		\checkmark			
CO2	✓	✓	✓					
CO3	✓	✓	✓		✓			
CO4	\checkmark	~	✓					

Detailed Syllabus

Unit I :Supercritical Fluid Extraction - Physiochemical principles, thermodynamics modeling

Unit II :Supercritical Fluid Extraction - Process synthesis and energy analysis, case studies.

Unit III :Membrane Processes - Brief review, module design and module characteristics, plant design and operation

Unit IV: Membrane Processes - Reverse osmosis, ultrafiltration and microfiltration.

Unit V: Surfactant based Separation - Fundamentals of surfactants at surfaces and in solution, liquid membrane permeation

Unit VI : Surfactant based Separation - Foam separations, micellar separations

Text Book/Reference Books:

1. M. A. McHugh, and V. J. Krukonis, "Supercritical Extraction", Butterworths, Boston, (1985).

- 2. R. G. Gutman, "Membrane Filtration", Adam Hilger, Bristol, (1987).
- 3. R. Rautenbach, and R. Albercht, "Membrane Processes", John Wiley & Sons,(1994).

4. J. F. Scamehorn, and J. H. Harwell, "Surfactant Based Separation Processes", Surfactant Science Series, Vol. 33, Marcel – Dekkar Inc., New York, (1989).

B. Pollution Control in Process Industries

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Analyze the effects of pollutants on the environment.
CO2	Understand meteorological aspects of air pollution
CO3	Understand air pollution control methods
CO4	Select treatment technologies for water/wastewater/solid waste.
CO5	Design unit operations for pollution control

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	~	~	√				✓					
CO2	✓	✓	✓				✓					
CO3	✓	✓	✓				✓					
CO4	✓	✓	✓				✓					

Detailed Syllabus

Unit I : Introduction: The Biosphere, Energy Problem, Pollution of Air, Water and Soil. **Air pollution:** Definition, Concentration, Classification, Emission Sources Behavior and Effects of air pollution, Temperature lapse rates, Plume behavior. Dispersion of air pollutants, the Gaussian plume model.

Unit II : Air pollution sampling and measurement: Types of sampling and measurement, Ambient air sampling, Gaseous air pollutants, Analysis of air pollutants, like Sulphur dioxide, Nitrogen Oxides, Carbon Monoxide, Oxidants and zones, Hydrocarbons, Particulate matter.

Unit III: Air pollution control methods and equipment: Control methods, Source correction methods, cleaning of gaseous effluents, particulate emission control, control of gaseous emissions.

Unit IV: Control of specific gaseous pollutants: Control of Sulphur dioxide emission, Nitrogen oxides, Carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons.

Sources and classification of water pollutants: Water resources, origin of waste water, types of water pollutants and their effects, water pollution laws and standards.

Unit V : Waste water sampling, analysis and treatment: Sampling and methods of analysis, Organic and inorganic substance, physical character sticks, Bacteriological measurements, water quality standards, Primary, Secondary and advanced waste water treatment, recovery of materials from process effluents.

Unit VI :

Solid waste management: Sources & classifications of solid waste, Public health aspects, Methods of collection, Methods of disposal: Open dumping, Sanitary land fill, Incineration, Composting; Potential methods of disposal.

Text Book:

1. Rao C.S. - Environmental Pollution Control Engineering - Wiley Eastern Limited, India, 1991

Reference Books:

1. K. V. S. G. Murali Krishna – Air Pollution and Control – Kaushal and Co., 1999.

2. W. Wesley Eckenfelder Jr. – Industrial Water Pollution Control – McGraw Hill International, 1989.

C. Advanced Materials

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the synthesis and properties of nanomaterial
CO2	Evaluate the usefulness of nanomaterial's in medicine, biology and sensing
CO3	Understand modeling of composite material by finite element analysis
CO4	Differentiate superconducting materials
CO5	Understand the characteristics and uses of functional materials

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		✓		✓			✓		~			
CO2		✓		✓			✓		\checkmark			
CO3		✓		✓			✓		✓			
CO4		✓		✓			✓		✓			
CO5		✓		✓			✓		✓			

Detailed Syllabus

Unit I : Nano Materials: Origin of nano technology, Classification of nano materials, Physical, chemical, electrical, mechanical properties of nano materials. Preparation of nano materials by plasma arcing, physical vapour deposition, chemical vapour deposition (CVD), Sol-Gel, electro deposition, ball milling, carbon nano tubes (CNT). Synthesis, preparation of nanotubes, nano sensors, Quantum dots, nano wires, nano biology, nano medicines.

Unit II :Biomaterials: Overview of biomaterials. Biomaterials, bioceramics, biopolymers, tissue grafts, soft tissue applications, cardiovascular implants, biomaterials in ophthalmology, orthopedicim plants, dental materials.

Unit III :Composites: General characteristics of composites, composites classes, PMCs, MMCs, CMCs, CCCs, IMCs, hybrid composites, fibers and matrices, different types of fibers, whiskers, different matrices materials, polymers, metal, ceramic matrices, toughening mechanism, interfaces, blending and adhesion, composite modeling, finite element analysis and design.

Unit IV:Optical materials: Mechanisms of optical absorption in metals, semiconductors and insulators. Nonlinear optical materials, optical modulators, optical fibers. Display devices and materials photo-emissive, photovoltaic cells, charge coupled devices (CCD), laser materials.

Unit V:Super conducting materials: Types of super conductors, an account of mechanism of superconductors, effects of magnetic field currents, thermal energy, energy gap, acoustic attenuation, penetration depth, BCS theory, DC and AC Josephson effects, high Tc superconductors, potential applications of superconductivity, electrical switching element, superconductor power transmission and transformers, magnetic mirror, bearings, superconductor motors, generators, SQUIDS etc.

Unit VI :Smart materials: An introduction, principles of smart materials, input – output decision ability, devices based on conductivity changes, devices based on changes in optical response, biological systems smart materials. Devices based on magnetization, artificial structures, surfaces, hetero structures, polycrystalline, amorphous, liquid crystalline materials.

Surface Acoustic Wave (SAW) Materials and Electrets: Delay lines, frequency filters, resonators, Pressure and temperature sensors, Sonar transducers. Comparison of electrets with permanent magnets, Preparation of electrets, Application of electrets.

Reading:

- 1. T. Pradeep, Nano: The Essentials; TATA McGraw-Hill, 2008.
- 2. B.S. Murthy et al., Textbook of Nano science and Nanotechnology, University press
- 3. Krishan K Chawla, Composite Materials; 2nd Ed., Springer 2006.

Semester VII: Labs

CH 707 Process Instrumentation and Control Lab.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Calculate the characteristics of control valves
CO2	Determine the dynamics of level and temperature measurement process
CO3	Determine the dynamics of two capacity liquid level process without interaction and with interaction, U-tube manometer.
CO4	Determine the performance of controllers for a flow process, pressure process, level process, temperature process.
CO5	Evaluate the performance of cascade control

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓			√		✓			~		✓	
CO2	✓			✓		✓			\checkmark		\checkmark	
CO3	✓			✓		✓			✓		✓	
CO4	✓			✓		✓			✓		✓	
CO5	✓					✓			✓		✓	

List of Experiments:

- 1. To determine the time constant of given thermometer with positive step change.
- 2. To determine the time constant of given thermometer with negative step change.
- 3. To determine the time constant and valve properties of single tank system.
- 4. To study the step response of two tank non-interacting liquid level system and compare the observed transient response with the theoretical transient response.
- 5.. To study the step response of two tank interacting liquid level system and compare the observed transient response with the theoretical transient response for the condition $T_1=T_2=T$.
- 6. To study the impulse response of a tank.

CH708 Process Design, Flow Sheeting & Simulation

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Identify equipment and instruments based on symbols
CO2	Draw process flow diagrams using symbols
CO3	Apply mechanical design aspects to process equipment.
CO4	Design heat exchangers, evaporators, absorbers, distillation columns, reactors and
	filters

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		✓			<						✓	✓
CO2		✓			✓							
CO3	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓						
CO4	✓		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

Detailed Syllabus :

Mathematical models of chemical engineering systems: Introduction; Use of mathematical models; Scope of coverage; Principles of formulation; Fundamental laws; Continuity equation; Energy equation; Equations of motion; Transport equations; Equations of state; Equilibrium; Chemical kinetics.

Examples of Mathematical Models of Chemical Engineering Systems: Introduction; Series of isothermal, constant holdup CSTRs; CSTRs with variable hold-ups; Two heated tanks; Gas phase pressurized CSTR; Non-isothermal CSTR; Single component vaporizer; Multicomponent flash drum; Batch reactor; Reactor with mass transfer; Ideal binary distillation column; Batch distillation with holdup; pH systems.

General Concepts of Simulation for Process Design: Introduction; Process simulation models; Methods for solving non-linera equations; Recycle partitioning and tearing; Simulation examples.

- 1. Design of Piping network using software tools
- 2. Design of following equipment using ASPENPLUS software
 - a. Heat Exchanger
 - b. Absorption column
 - c. Distillation column
 - d. Reactor
 - e. Evaporator
 - f. Flow sheeting of a chemical plant
 - g. Simulation of a small size chemical plant.
- 3. Simulation of a chemical plant using AUTOPLANT software.

Text Book / Refrence Book:

- William L. Luyben Process Modeling, Simulation and Control for Chemical Engineers – 2nd edition, McGraw Hill International Edition; 1990 (Ch. 1, 2 and 4)
- 2. Lorentz T. Biegler, E. Ignacio Grossmann and Arthur W. Westerberg Systematic Methods of Chemical Process Design Prentice Hall International 1997.

PC 709 Petrochemical Synthesis Laboratory

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand details of synthesis process
CO2	Evaluate the quality of synthesized product
CO3	Apply knowledge for analysis of experiments
CO4	Compare product synthesis by different routes

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓	<		~			✓					
CO2	✓	✓		✓			✓					
CO3	✓	✓		✓			✓					
CO4	\checkmark	✓		\checkmark			\checkmark					

- 1. Preparation of adipic Acid
- 2. Preparation of aspirin
- 3. Preparation of nitrobenzene
- 4. Preparation of aniline by Bechamp reduction
- 5. Preparation of soap from fat
- 6 Preparation of Nitrobenzene
- 7. Preparation of aceta anilide
- 8. Preparation of methyl salisylate
- 9. Synthesis of Biodiesel
- 10. Rerefining of used lubricating oil
- 11. Synthesis of bio-ethanol

PC 710 Project Work Stage - I

- 1. **EACH STUDENT HAS** to work on one of the following projects and submitted a comprehensive, typed, and bound report (3 Copies) at the end of the eighth semester.
- 2. TYPES OF PROJECTS :
- 3. PROCESS BASED PROJECT : Manufacture of a product
- 4. EQUIPMENT BASED PROJECT : Detailed design of the equipment for a given capacity.
- 5. **EXPERIMENT BASED PROJECT :** Experimental investigation of a basic or applied research problem.
- 6. **THE REPORT SHALL CONSIST** of collection of literature, study of the various processes available, selection of the process, computation of material and energy balances, process design of important pieces of equipment, detailed design of experimental set-up, treatment of data, conclusions, bibliography, etc. as applicable to the individuals problems .

8. DURING THE SEVENTH SEMESTER EACH STUDENT is expected to complete at least 40% of the quantum of total work involved in the Project Work (Stage I & II). The student will make a power point presentation of his/her progress work before the panel of internal examiners appointed by Head of the Department. The examiners panel will assess the progress of the student's work considering his/her quantum and quality of work completed and presentation skills.

7. **THE BALANCE OF THE WORK** will be continued under course No. CH 805 Project Work (stage II).

CH 610/CH711 Industrial Training Assessment

GUIDE LINES:

Each student is expected to spend FOUR weeks in any one factory/project/workshop at the end of sixth semester (during summer vacation). Here he /she shall observe layout, working and use of various machinery, plants, design, instruments, process etc. under the general supervision of the foreman/artisan/engineer of the factory etc.

The student shall submit the report in a systematic technical format about the major field of the factory, particularly about the section/department where he/she has received the training giving details of equipment, machinery, materials, process etc. with their detailed specifications, use etc.,. The report shall be checked and evaluated by the concerned teacher and appropriate grade shall be awarded.

Semester VIII : Elective Courses

PC 801 : Elective IX

A. Biochemical Engineering

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand cell and enzyme kinetics
CO2	State methods of immobilization
CO3	Calculate volume of a bioreactor
CO4	State sterilization methods
CO5	Select downstream process to separate the products

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	~	✓	√	✓								
CO2	✓	\checkmark	✓	✓								
CO3	✓	✓	✓	✓								
CO4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							
CO5	✓	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark								

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I : Introduction: Biotechnology, Biochemical Engineering, Biological Process, Definition of Fermentation.

Unit II :Enzyme Kinetics: Introduction, Simple Enzyme Kinetics, Enzyme Reactor with Simple Kinetics, Inhibition of Enzyme Reactions, and Other Influences on Enzyme Activity.

Immobilized Enzyme: Immobilization techniques and effect of mass transfer resistance.

Unit III :Industrial application of enzymes: Carbohydrates, starch conversion and cellulose conversion.

Cell Cultivation: Microbial cell cultivation, animal cell cultivation, plant cell cultivation, cell growth measurement and cell immobilization.

Unit IV : Cell Kinetics and Fermentor Design: Introduction, growth cycle for batch cultivation, stirred

tank fermenters, multiple fermenters connected series, cell recycling, alternate fermenters and structured model.

Sterilization: Sterilization methods, thermal death kinetics, design criterion, batch

sterilization, continuous sterilization and air sterilization.

Unit V : Agitation and Aeration: Introduction, basic mass transfer concepts, correlation for mass transfer co-efficient, measurement of interfacial area, correlations for 'a' and D32, gasholdup, power consumption, determination of oxygen absorption rate, correlation for kLa, scale-up and shear sensitivity.

Unit VI :Downstream Processing: introduction, solid-liquid separation, cell rupture, recovery and purification.

Reading:

- 1. Lee J.M., Biochemical Engineering, Ebook, version 2.32, 2009.
- 2. James E. Bailey & David F. Ollis, Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals, 2nd edition, McGraw Hill International, 1986.
- 3. Michael L. Shuler & Fikret Kargi, Bioprocess Engineering Basic Concepts, 2nd edition, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2002.

B. Petrochemical Processes -II

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand chemical processes for different product
CO2	Apply knowledge for analysis of different processes
CO3	Knowledge and understanding of mechanism ,techniques of polymerization
CO4	Understanding of different polymer processing methods

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓	<					✓					
CO2	\checkmark	\checkmark					✓					
CO3	✓	<					✓					
CO4	\checkmark	✓					\checkmark					

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I: Chlorination – Chlorination of paraffins, olefins and aromatic hydrocarbons, technologies involved in production of chloromethane, chloroethane, ethylenechlorides, vinyl chloride, chlorobenzene, Precaution and safety while handling chlorine and fluorine compounds.

Unit II : Nitration: Nitrobenzene, aniline, nitrotoluene, nitrochlorobenzenes

Unit III : Sulphonation – Sulphonation of benzene and discussion in context of detergent industry.

Unit IV :Polymerization- Principle and types, control and monitoring of polymerization processes Technology for production of Plastics – Polyethylene, Polypropylene, PVC Resins – Phenol formaldehyde, Melamine formaladehyde

Unit V :Rubbers- SBR, isoprene/neoprene Fibres – Nylons and polyesters , acrylic fibres.

Unit VI :Processing of polymers for making films, sheets, pipes, fibres etc by different techniques.Compounding of polymers- additives and modifiers.

Texts Book/References Book:

1. P.H. Groggins, "Unit processes in Organic Synthesis" 5th ed, Eastwest press Brydson, "Hand book of Plastics"

C. Introduction to Polymer Science & Engineering

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand thermodynamics of polymer structures					
CO2	Select polymerization reactor for a polymer product.					
CO3	Characterize polymers					
CO4	State polymer additives, blends and composites					
CO5	Understand Polymer Rehology					

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	~	<				✓						
CO2	✓	✓				✓						
CO3	✓	✓				✓						
CO4	✓	✓				✓						
CO5	✓	✓				✓						

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I: Introduction: Basic concepts of Polymer Science, Various molecular forces in polymer, Various Molecular weights and their distribution.

Unit II: Polymerization: (i) Step growth: Mechanism, Kinetics, Polyfunctional Step growth polymerization. (ii) Radical polymerization: Mechanism, Kinetics, Effects of temperature, pressure. (iii) Ionic and Coordination Polymerization: Kinetics of Cationic and Anionic polymerization.

Unit III :Polymerization Conditions: Bulk, Solution, Suspension and Emulsion polymerization.

Unit IV :Measurement of Molecular Weight: End group analysis, Colligative property measurement, Gel Permeation Chromatography.

Unit V:Polymer Processing:Plastic technology: Molding, Extrusion, Additives and Compounding;

Unit VI : Fiber Technology:Textile and Fabric properties, Spinning, Elastomer technology: Vulcanization, Reinforcement.

Text/References:

- 1. Text book of Polymer Science: Fred W. Billmeyer, Jr., Second Edition, 1994, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Singapore.
- 2. Principals of Polymerization, George Odian, Third Edition, 2002, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Singapore.
- 3. Fundamentals of Polymers, Anil Kumar and Gupta, R. K., McGraw Hill, 1998.

PC 802 : Elective X

A. Disaster Management in Chemical Industries

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Analyze the effects of release of toxic substances
CO2	Select the methods of prevention of fires and explosions
CO3	Understand the methods of hazard identification and preventive measures.
CO4	Assess the risks using fault tree diagram.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓	√	√	✓	✓		√					
CO2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓					
CO3	✓	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓		✓					
CO4	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark		\checkmark					

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I: General aspects of industrial disaster: Due to fire, explosion, toxicity and radiation; Chemical hazards.

Unit II :Classification of chemical hazards, Chemical as cause of occupational diseases – dust, fumes, gases and vapours.

Unit III:Hazard analysis and health management; Engineering control of chemical plant hazards – Plant layout, ventilation and lighting.

Unit IV:Pressure vessels, Storage, Handling, Transportation, Electrical systems, Instrumentation.

Unit V:Emergency planning, Personal protective devices, Maintenance procedure; Emergency safety and laboratory safety; Legal aspects of safety.

Unit VI : Management information system and its application in monitoring disaster, safety and health; Hazop Analysis.

Text Book / Reference Books:

1. H. H. Tawcatt & W S Wood, Safety and Accident Prevention in Chemical Operations.

2. R. V. Betrabet and T. P. S. Rajan in CHEMTECH-I, Safety in Chemical Industry, Chemical Engineering Development Centre, Madras, 1975.

3. Wells, Safety in Process Plant Design.

4. Less, P. Frank, Loss Prevention in Process Industries.

5. J. Lolb & S. Roy Sterm, Product Safety and Liability.

B. Downstream Processing in Biochemical Industry

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the basic principles, approaches and functions of management and
	identify concepts to specific situations
CO2	Understand marketing management process to discuss marketing mix in formulation of marketing strategies during the life cycle of product
CO3	Outline various techniques for improving productivity using work study.
CO4	Understand concepts of quality management and use process control charts, concepts
	and tools of quality engineering in the design of products and process control
CO5	Use and distinguish basic methods/tools of inventory classification and control.
CO6	Identify activities with their interdependency and use scheduling techniques of project management PERT/CPM.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1								✓	√	✓		
CO2								✓	✓	✓		
CO3								✓	✓	\checkmark		
CO4								✓	✓	\checkmark		
CO5								✓	✓	\checkmark		
CO6								✓	✓	\checkmark		

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I :Role Of Downstream Processing In Biotechnology, Role and importance of downstream processing in biotechnological processes. Problems and requirements of bioproduct purification. Economics of downstream processing in Biotechnology, cost-cutting strategies, characteristics of biological mixtures, process design criteria for various classes of bioproducts (high volume, low value products and low volume, high Value products)

UNIT-II:Physico-chemical basis of bio-separation processes. Recent development in product isolation (for ex. one step purification, reverse Micro cellular extraction on line membrane separation). Primary Separation And Recover Process, Cell disruption methods for intracellular products, removal of insoluble, biomass (and particulate debris) separation techniques, flocculation and sedimentation, centrifugation and filtration methods.

Unit III :Membrane separations, Membrane-based separations (micro and ultrafiltration), theory, design and configuration of membrane separation equipment applications

Unit IV: Enrichment Operations precipitation methods (with salts, organic solvents, and polymers, extractive separations, aqueous two-phase extraction, supercritical extraction), in situ product removal, integrated bioprocessing.

Unit V : Electrophoresis, Electrophoresis of proteins and nucleic acids, 1D-2D Gels, Types of Electrophoretic techniques (Capillary and Pulse field), Product Resolution / Fractionation Chromatographic techniques- Paper, TLC, Adsorption, Ion exchange, Gel filtration, affinity chromatographic separation processes, GC, HPLC, FPLC, Chromato focusing electrophoretic separations.

Unit VI : New and Emerging Technologies, Dialysis, Crystallization Pervaporation, super liquid extraction foam based separation case study with examples for processing of Two Industrial Products

(Citric acid / Penicillin and Low volume high value product like recombinant proteins).

Text Books:

- 1. Wankat PC. Rate controlled separations, Elsevier, 1990.
- 2. Belter PA and Cussler E. Bioseparations, Wiley 1985.

References:

- 1. Product Recovery in Bioprocess Technology, BIOTOL.' Series, VCH, 1990.
- 2. Asenjo J.M. Separation processes in Biotechnology, 1993, Marcel Dekkere Inc.
- 3. Bioseparations by Siva Shankar PHI publications

C. Membrane Technology

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the technologies of membrane synthesis
CO2	Classify the membranes
CO3	Select membrane according to the application.
CO4	Understand the mathematical models of membrane processes

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	~	√	√	✓	✓		✓					
CO2		✓	✓	✓								
CO3		✓	✓	✓	✓		✓					
CO4	✓	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓							

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I :Introduction: Membrane separation process, Definition of Membrane, Membrane types, Advantages and limitations of membrane technology compared to other separation processes, Membrane materials.

Unit II :Preparation of synthetic membranes: Phase inversion membranes, Preparation techniques for immersion precipitation, Synthesis of asymmetric and composite membranes, and Synthesis of inorganic membranes.

Unit III :Transport in membranes: Introduction, Driving forces, Transport through porous membranes, transport through non-porous membranes, Transport through ion-exchange membranes.

Unit IV :Membrane processes: Pressure driven membrane processes, Concentration as driving force, Electrically driven membrane processes

Unit V :Polarisation phenomena and fouling: Concentration polarization, Membrane fouling

Unit VI :Modules: Introduction, membrane modules, Comparison of the module configuration

Reading:

- 1. Mulder M, Basic Principles of Membrane Technology, Kluwer Academic Publishers, London, 1996.
- 2. Richard W. Baker, Membrane Technology and Research, Inc. (MTR), Newark, California, USA, 2004.
- 3. Kaushik Nath, Membrane Separation Processes, Prentice-Hall Publications, New Delhi, 2008.

PC 803 : Elective XI

A. Mathematical Methods in Chemical Engineering

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Formulate lumped and distributed parameter mathematical models for chemical
	processes
CO2	Calculate degrees of freedom for the developed mathematical models
CO3	Solve the model equations describing chemical processes and equipment
CO4	Analyze the results of the solution methods

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓	✓	<	<		✓						
CO2	✓	✓	✓	✓								
CO3	✓	\checkmark	✓	✓								
CO4	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	✓								

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I:Mathematical Formulation of the Physical Problems- Introduction, Representation of the problem, blending process, continuous stirred tank reactor, Unsteady state operation, heat exchangers, distillation columns, biochemical reactors.

Unit II :Analytical (explicit) Solution of Ordinary Differential Equations encountered in Chemical Engineering Problems-Introduction, Order and degree, first order differential equations, second order differential equations, Linear differential equations, Simultaneous differential equations, .

Unit III :Formulation of partial differential equations- Introduction, Interpretation of partial derivatives,

Unit IV : Formulation partial differential equations, particular solutions of partial differential equations,

Orthogonal functions, Method of separation of variables, The Laplace Transform method,

Other transforms.

Unit V :Unsteady state heat conduction in one dimension - Mass transfer with axial symmetry - Continuity equations; Boundary conditions - Iterative solution of algebraic equations- The difference operator - Properties of the difference operator- Linear finite difference equations-

Unit VI :Non-linear finite difference equations - Simultaneous linear differential equations - analytical solutions - Application of Statistical Methods.

Reading:

- Rice R. G. and D. Do Duong, 'Applied mathematics and modeling for chemical engineers' John Wiley & Sons, 1995.
- 2. Jenson J F and G. V. Jeffereys, 'Mathematical Methods in Chemical Engineering', Academic Press, 1977.
- 3. B. A. Finlayson, 'Introduction to Chemical Engineering Computing', Wiley India Edition, 2010
- 4. Singaresu S. Rao, 'Applied Numerical Methods for Engineers and Scientists', Prentice Hall, 2002.
- 5. Amiya K. Jana, Chemical Process Modelling and Computer Simulation, Prentice Hall India, 2nd Edition, 2011.

B. Process Design Principles

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Identify steps in product and process design
CO2	Understand principles of steady-state flow sheet simulation
CO3	Understand heuristics for process synthesis
CO4	Design reactors for complex configurations

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	~		✓	✓		✓						
CO2	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓						
CO3	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓						
CO4	✓		✓	✓		✓						

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I : Design Process: Design opportunities, steps in product and Process design, Environmental protection, Safety considerations, Engineering ethics, Role of computers.

Unit II :Molecular Structure Design: Introduction, Property estimation methods, Optimization to Locate molecular structure.

Unit III :Process Creation: Introduction, preliminary Database Creation, Experiments, preliminary Process Synthesis, Development of Base-Case Design.

Unit IV :Process Synthesis: Introduction, Principles of Steady-state Flowsheet simulation, Synthesis of the Toluene Hydrodealkylation process, Steady state Simulation of the Monochlorobenzene Separation Process, Principles of Batch flowsheet Simulation.

Unit V :Heuristics for Process Synthesis: Introduction, Raw materials and Chemical Reactions, Distribution of Chemicals, Separations, Heat removal from and Addition to Reactors, Heat Exchangers and Furnaces, Pumping, Compression, Pressure Reduction, Vacuum, and Conveying of Solids, Changing the Particle Size of Solids and Size Separation of particles, Removal of Particles from Gases and Liquids.

Unit VI :Reactor Design and Reactor Network Synthesis: Reactor models, Reactor Design for Complex Configurations, Reactor Network Design Using the Attainable region.

Reading:

- 1. Sieder, W.D., Seader J.D. and Lewin D.R., Process Design Principles: Synthesis Analysis and Evaluation, John Wiley & Sons, 3rd Edition, 2008.
- 2. J.M., Douglas, Conceptual Design of Chemical Processes, McGraw Hill International Editions, 1988.
- 3. Loren T Biegler, Grossman E.I., Westerberg, Systematic Methods of Chemical Process Design, A.W. Prentice Hall Intl ed,1997

C. Fertilizer Technology

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Classify fertilizers
CO2	Explain manufacturing processes involved in production of fertilizers
CO3	Identify the effect of technologies on the health, safety and environment
CO4	State the chemical reactions and their mechanism involved

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓	<					✓					
CO2	✓	✓					✓					
CO3	✓	✓					✓					
CO4	✓	✓					✓					

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I :

Introduction Elements required for plants growth, Classification of fertilizers, Compound,

Complex and bulk blended fertilizers. N-P-K values and calculations.

Unit II :Nitrogenous Fertilizers: Manufacturing Processes for Ammonia, Manufacture of ammoniumsulphate, ammonium chloride, Ammonium phosphate, Ammonium nitrate, nitric acid, Urea etc.

Unit III :Economics and other strategies, Material of construction and corrosion problem.

Unit IV :Phosphatic fertilizers: Calculation of percentage tricalcium phosphate of lime in phosphatic rock: Manufacture of triple super phosphate and single super phosphate, **Unit V:** Nitro phosphate, Sodium phosphate, phosphoric acid and other phosphatic fertilizers.

Unit VI :Potash Fertilizers: Manufacture of potash fertilizers like potassium sulphate, potassium chloride etc.

Reading:

- 1. Sittig M and GopalaRao M., Dryden's Outlines of Chemical Technology for the 21st Century, 3rd Edition, WEP East West Press, 2010.
- **2.** Austin G T., Shreve's Chemical Process Industries, McGraw Hill Book Company, New Delhi, 5th Edition, 1986.
- 3. Shukla S D and Pandey G N, A Text Book of Chemical Technology, Vol I & II, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2000

PC 804 : Elective XII

A. Management Information System

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Determine key terminologies and concepts including IT, marketing, management
	economics, accounting, finance in the major areas of business
CO2	Design, develop and implement Information Technology solutions for business problems
CO3	Analysis of computing systems and telecommunication networks for business information systems
CO4	Understand ethical issues that occur in business, evaluate alternative courses of actions and evaluate the implications of those actions.
CO5	Plan projects, work in team settings and deliver project outcomes in time.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1									~	✓	✓	
CO2									✓	\checkmark		
CO3									✓	\checkmark	✓	
CO4									✓	\checkmark		
CO5									✓	√		

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I:Organization and Information Systems, Foundation Concepts, Information Systems in Business, The Components of Information Systems, Competing with Information Technology, Fundamentals of Strategic Advantage, Using Information Technology for Strategic Advantage.

Changing Environment and its impact on Business, Kinds of Information Systems.

Unit II :Computer Fundamentals, Computer Hardware, Computer Systems: End User and Enterprise Computing, Computer Peripherals: Input, Output, and Storage Technologies, Computer Software, Application Software, System Software, Computer System Management, Data Resource Management, Technical Foundations of Database Management, Managing Data Resources

Unit III :Telecommunication and Networks, Telecommunications and Networks, The Networked Enterprise, Telecommunications Network Alternatives

Unit IV :System Analysis and Development and Models, Developing Business/IT Strategies, Planning Fundamentals, Implementation Challenges, Developing Business/IT Solutions, Developing Business Systems, Implementing Business Systems

Unit V :Manufacturing and Service Systems Information systems for Accounting, Finance, Production and Manufacturing, Marketing and HRM functions, Enterprise Resources Planning (ERP), Choice of IT, Nature of IT decision, Managing Information Technology, Managing Global IT,

Unit VI:Security and Ethical Challenges, Security and Ethical Challenges, Security and Ethical, and Societal Challenges of IT, Security Management of Information Technology, Enterprise and Global Management of Information Technology

Reading:

1. Kenneth J Laudon, Jane P. Laudon, *Management Information Systems*, 10th Edition, Pearson/PHI, 2007.

2. W. S. Jawadekar, Management Information Systems, 3rd Edition, TMH, 2004.

B. Entrepreneurship Development

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand entrepreneurship and entrepreneurial process and its significance in economic development.
CO2	Develop an idea of the support structure and promotional agencies assisting ethical entrepreneurship.
CO3	Identify entrepreneurial opportunities, suppo a new venture within legal and formal frame work.rt and resource requirements to launch
CO4	Develop a framework for technical, economic and financial feasibility.
CO5	Evaluate an opportunity and prepare a written business plan to communicate business ideas effectively
CO6	Understand the stages of establishment, growth, barriers, and causes of sickness in industry to initiate appropriate strategies for operation, stabilization and growth

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1									~	\checkmark	✓	
CO2									✓	✓	✓	
CO3									✓	\checkmark	✓	
CO4									✓	\checkmark	✓	
CO5									\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	
CO6									\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I :Entrepreneur and Entrepreneurship: Introduction; Entrepreneur and Entrepreneurship; Role of entrepreneurship in economic development; Entrepreneurial competencies and motivation; Institutional Interface for Small Scale Industry/Enterprises.

Unit II :Establishing Small Scale Enterprise: Opportunity Scanning and Identification; Creativity and product development process; Market survey and assessment; choice of technology and selection of site.

Unit III :Planning a Small Scale Enterprises: Financing new/small enterprises; Techno Economic Feasibility Assessment; Preparation of Business Plan; Forms of business organization/ownership.

Unit IV :Operational Issues in SSE: Financial management issues; Operational/project management issues in SSE; Marketing management issues in SSE; Relevant business and industrial Laws.

Unit V :Performance appraisal and growth strategies: Management performance assessment and control;

Unit VI :Causes of Sickness in SSI, Strategies for Stabilization and Growth.

Reading:

1. G.G. Meredith, R.E.Nelson and P.A. Neek, The Practice of Entrepreneurship, ILO, 1982.

2. Dr. Vasant Desai, Management of Small Scale Enterprises, Himalaya Publishing House,

2004.

3. A Handbook for New Entrepreneurs, Entrepreneurship Development Institute of India, Ahmedabad, 1988.

1. Bruce R Barringer and R Duane Ireland, Entrepreneurship: Successfully Launching New

Ventures, 3rd ed., Pearson Edu., 2013.

C. Corporate Communication

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand corporate communication culture
CO2	Prepare business letters, memos and reports
CO3	Communicate effectively in formal business situations
CO4	Exhibit corporate social responsibility and ethics
CO5	Practice corporate email, mobile and telephone etiquette
CO6	Develop good listening skills and leadership qualities

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1									~	\checkmark	✓	
CO2									✓	✓	✓	
CO3									✓	√	✓	
CO4									✓	√	✓	
CO5									✓	✓	✓	
CO6									✓	✓	✓	

Detailed Syllabus :

Unit I:Importance of Corporate communication: Introduction to and definition of corporates – Communication, process, patterns and channels of communication- Barriers to communication and strategies to overcome them- Evolution of corporate culture- Role and contribution of individual group and organization - Role of psychology in communication.

Unit II :Oral Communication: Techniques for improving oral fluency-Speech mechanics-Group Dynamics and Group Discussion – Debate and oral presentations.

Unit III :Written Communication: Types and purposes- Writing business reports, and business proposals-Memos, minutes of meetings- Circulars, persuasive letters- Letters of complaint- ; language and formats used for drafting different forms of communication. Internal and external communication.

Unit IV :Corporate responsibility: Circulating to employees' vision and mission statementsethical practices- Human rights -Labour rights-Environment- governance- Moral and ethical debates surrounding -Public Relations - Building trust with stakeholders.

Corporate Ethics and Business Etiquette: Integrity in communication-Harmful practices and communication breakdown- Teaching how to deal with tough clients through soft skills. Body language- Grooming- Introducing oneself- Use of polite language- Avoiding grapevine and card pushing – Etiquette in e-mail, mobile and telephone.

Unit V :Listening Skills: Listening- for information and content- Kinds of listening- Factors affecting listening and techniques to overcome them- retention of facts, data and figures- Role of speaker in listening.

Unit VI :Leadership Communication Styles: Business leadership -Aspects of leadershipqualities of leader- training for leadership-delegation of powers and ways to do it-humourcommitment.

Reading:

1. Raymond V. Lesikar, John D. Pettit, Marie E. Flatley Lesikar's Basic Business

Communication - 7th Edition: Irwin, 1993

2. Krishna Mohan and Meera Banerji, Developing Communication Skills: Macmillan Publishers India, 2000

3. R.C. Sharma & Krishna Mohan Business Correspondence and Report Writing: – 3rd Edition Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008

4. Antony Jay & Ross Jay, Effective Presentation, University Press, 1999.

5. Shirley Taylor, Communication for Business, Longman, 1999

PC 805 : Project work Stage -II

This is the continuation of work started under course PC 710 Project Work (Stage I). Every student will have to submit a detailed report (4 copies) of the Project Work as per the standard format prescribed by the department within the deadline announced by the Department. The students will make a power point presentation of their Project Work before a panel of Examiners

comprising of guide and external examiner. The examiners panel will assess the performance of the students considering their quality of work and presentation skills.